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Statistical Profile: Fiscal Year 1984 Offender Population
of the Kansas Department of Corrections*

Prepared by: Planning, Research,
Evaluation and Accreditation Unit

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*The material contained in this report comprises the statistical
component of the FY 1984 Annual Report.

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Preface

This report was compiled to provide a detailed statistical profile of the adult offenders within the Kansas correctional system and to describe commitment trends for the state. In addition to being published separately, the material contained herein will comprise the statistical component of the Fiscal Year 1984 Annual Report.

As in the past several years, the data contained in this report were obtained through an on-line computerized offender information system in which information is gathered systematically during the whole period that an individual is in the custody or control of the Department of Corrections. The number of offenders for which information could be obtained varies among the items of information being reported. For this reason, each percentage reported is based on the number of individuals for whom the data were available, and not necessarily on the total number in the population. Although there are missing observations, which are relatively few in number for most data items, the conclusions presented in the report are considered valid for the group measured.

The Kansas correctional facilities to which reference is made include the following: Kansas State Penitentiary (KSP), Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (KSIR), Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center (KCVTC), State Reception and Diagnostic Center (SRDC), Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing (KCIL), Toronto Honor Camp (THC), El Dorado Honor Camp (EHC), Topeka Work Release Center (TWRC), Wichita Work Release Center (WWRC), Hutchinson Work Release Center (HWRC), two contract work release facilities (Topeka Halfway House and Fort Scott Work Release Center), Topeka Pre-Release Center (TPRC), and Winfield Pre-Release Center (WPRC). Data pertaining to the small facilities of the same type often are combined for purposes of clarity in presentation.

The information in the statistical profile report is based on data for Fiscal Year 1984, which ended June 30, 1984. However, at this writing more recent information on population levels is available, making an update possible. As of September 30, 1984, the total inmate population had risen slightly to 4,079 from 4,033 on June 30, 1984. During the past five months (since April 30, 1984), the rate of increase in the population has decelerated markedly to an average increase per month of about 17 offenders compared to an average monthly increase of about 48 per month during the 21-month period prior to April, 1984. Thus, the current trend is a decreasing rate of growth in the inmate population.

The problem of prison overcrowding is still present in the correctional system, but several construction and renovation projects aimed at alleviating this situation have been completed or are ongoing. As a result of such projects (e.g., completion of two new pre-release centers and the expansion of one work release center), the optimum management capacity of the correctional facilities has risen from 2,597 to 2,858 and the maximum capacity from 3,998 to 4,069 since December 31, 1983. However, as shown in Table A, the current inmate population (3,984 in D.O.C. facilities as of September 30, 1984) still is very close to maximum capacity (4,069). Construction projects due to be completed on or before July 1, 1985 will raise the optimum management capacity to 3,378 (increase of 520 from the October, 1984 level) and the maximum capacity to 4,907 (an increase of 838).

Figure A contains a graphic comparison of the inmate population levels, both current and as projected for July 1, 1985, with the corresponding capacity figures. It is evident that the projected population (4,180), while still considerably higher than the projected optimum management capacity (3,378), is substantially lower than the projected maximum capacity (4,907). The increase in housing space coupled with the current trend of deceleration in the growth of the inmate population should greatly enhance the population management capabilities of the Department of Corrections.

Table A

Current Inmate Population in Relation to Optimum Management Capacity and Maximum Capacity:
Department of Corrections Facilities*

Facility	Current Population (Sep. 30, 1984)	Current Capacity (October, 1984)		Additional Beds Due to Construction		Projected Capacity July 1, 1985	
		Optimum Management	Maximum Capacity	Optimum Management	Maximum Capacity	Optimum Management	Maximum Capacity
KSP	1870	1114	2007**	+378	+696	1492	2703
KSIR	1231	908	1149***	+ 96	+ 96	1004	1245
KCVTC	214	180	200	0	0	180	200
SRDC	127	88	132	0	0	88	132
KCIL	180	119	132	+ 46	+ 46	165	178
THC	58	61	61	0	0	61	61
EHC	58	64	64	0	0	64	64
TWRC	25	24	24	0	0	24	24
WWRC	51	75	75	0	0	75	75
HWRC	9	19	19	0	0	19	19
TPRC	60	65	65	0	0	65	65
WPRC	101	141	141	0	0	141	141
Totals	3984	2858	4069	+520	+838	3378	4907

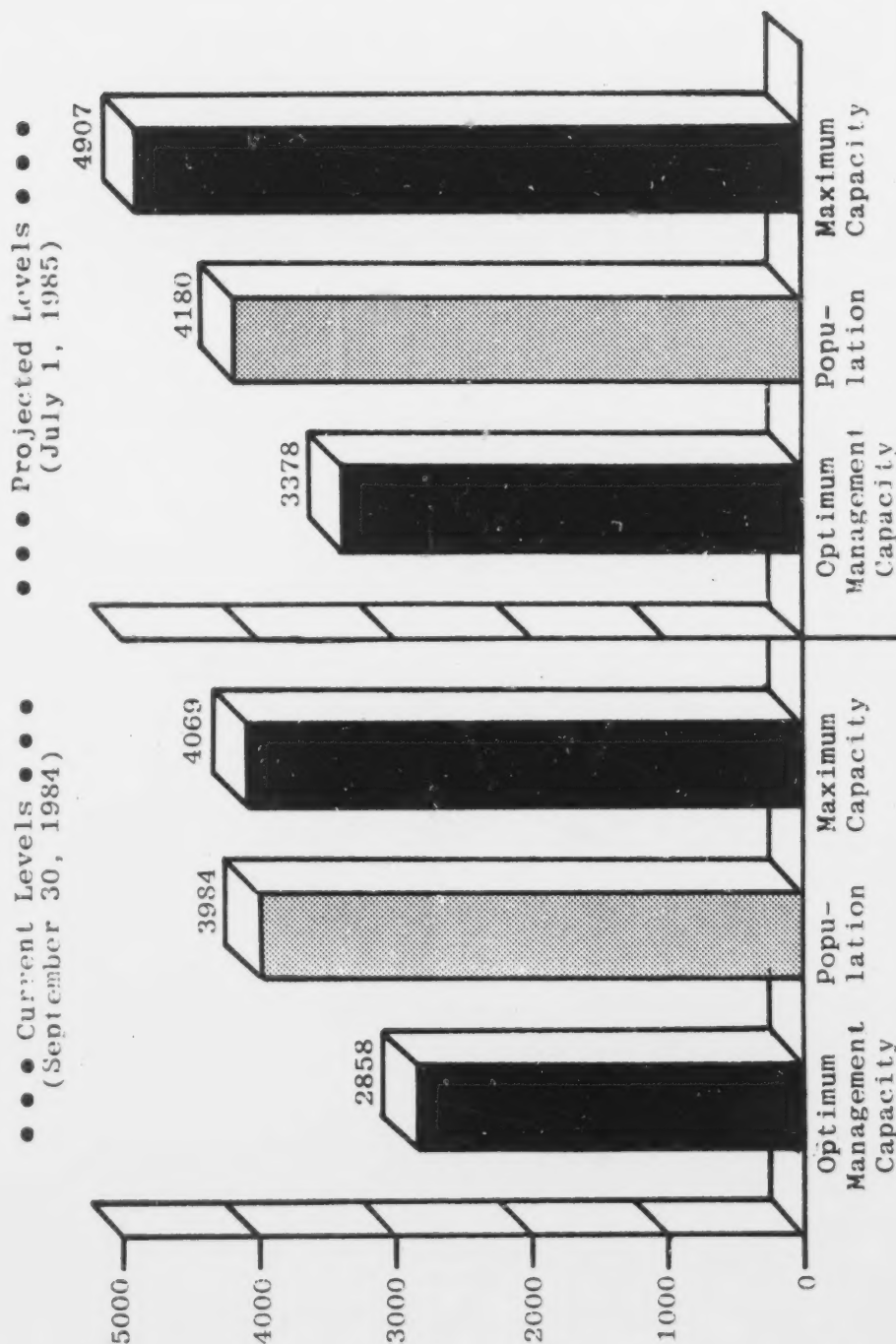
*Capacity information taken from K.D.O.C. "Correctional Facility Capacity Report," October 15, 1984. Note that the September 30, 1984 population figure excludes the non-D.O.C. facility population (95 offenders at Larned State Hospital, contract work release, and contract jail placement).

**Includes +63 bed segregation adjustment.

***Includes +50 bed segregation adjustment.

Figure A

Comparison of the Inmate Population to the Capacity
of the Correctional Facilities*



*Capacity information taken from K.D.O.C. "Correctional Facility Capacity Report," October 15, 1984. Note that the September 30, 1984 population of 3,984 excludes 95 inmates assigned to non-D.O.C. facilities. The non-D.O.C. population is subject to variation depending upon the number of beds allocated for the Department of Corrections. However, for projection purposes the same figure of 95 was subtracted from the July 1, 1985 projection of the total population (4,275) to arrive at the projected D.O.C. facility population of 4,180.

Introduction

The purpose of this statistical profile report is to summarize information regarding population levels, commitment trends, and characteristics of the offender population. The major components of the report include: a description of the pattern of growth in the offender population; a summary of admission and release activities occurring during Fiscal Year 1984; a detailed description of the characteristics of the inmate population confined on June 30, 1984 and a brief description of the June 30, 1984 parolee population. Throughout the report emphasis is placed on comparisons of current information with that of prior years.

• • • • • SECTION I • • • • •

Offender Population Levels for Fiscal Year 1984

Two basic measures have been used in describing offender population levels. One is a census, usually referred to as the "population," which reflects the number of individuals counted on a particular date. The other measure is the average daily population which is the average number of individuals counted daily for a specified period.

A comparison of the number of felony offenders in custody or under supervision in the entire Kansas correctional system on June 30, 1983 and on June 30, 1984 is presented in Table 1 by category of physical location. The two primary components of the system population are the inmates confined in correctional facilities and the offenders on parole or probation status. The inmate population increased by 19.0% from June 30, 1983 to June 30, 1984, while the parole/probation population decreased by 6.8%.

Displayed in Figure 1 is a comparison of the year-end total inmate population for Fiscal Years 1976 through 1984. The increase observed from Fiscal Year 1983 to 1984 is proportionately greater than any yearly increase in the past decade. The rate of growth in the average daily population during the past four fiscal years is presented in Figure 2 for the male and female populations, using Fiscal Year 1980 levels as baseline data. The proportionate increase in the yearly average daily population from Fiscal Year 1980 to Fiscal Year 1984, while substantial for male offenders (58%), was especially pronounced for female offenders (123%). Women comprise a rapidly growing subgroup of the total inmate population and their impact on the correctional system, in terms of special needs, is becoming more pronounced.

As indicated in Figure 3, the total inmate population has increased steadily during the past three years. The number increased by an average of 28.5 per month during Fiscal Year 1982, 31.8 per month during Fiscal Year 1983, and 53.6 per month during Fiscal Year 1984.

Table 2 contains a comparison of population statistics for Fiscal Years 1983 and 1984, presented by individual correctional facility. The data on the number confined at the end of each fiscal year (year-end census) reflect basically the same pattern among the facilities as the data on average daily population. By either statistic the increase in the total population from Fiscal Year 1983 to Fiscal Year 1984 was substantial (18-19%).

Table 1

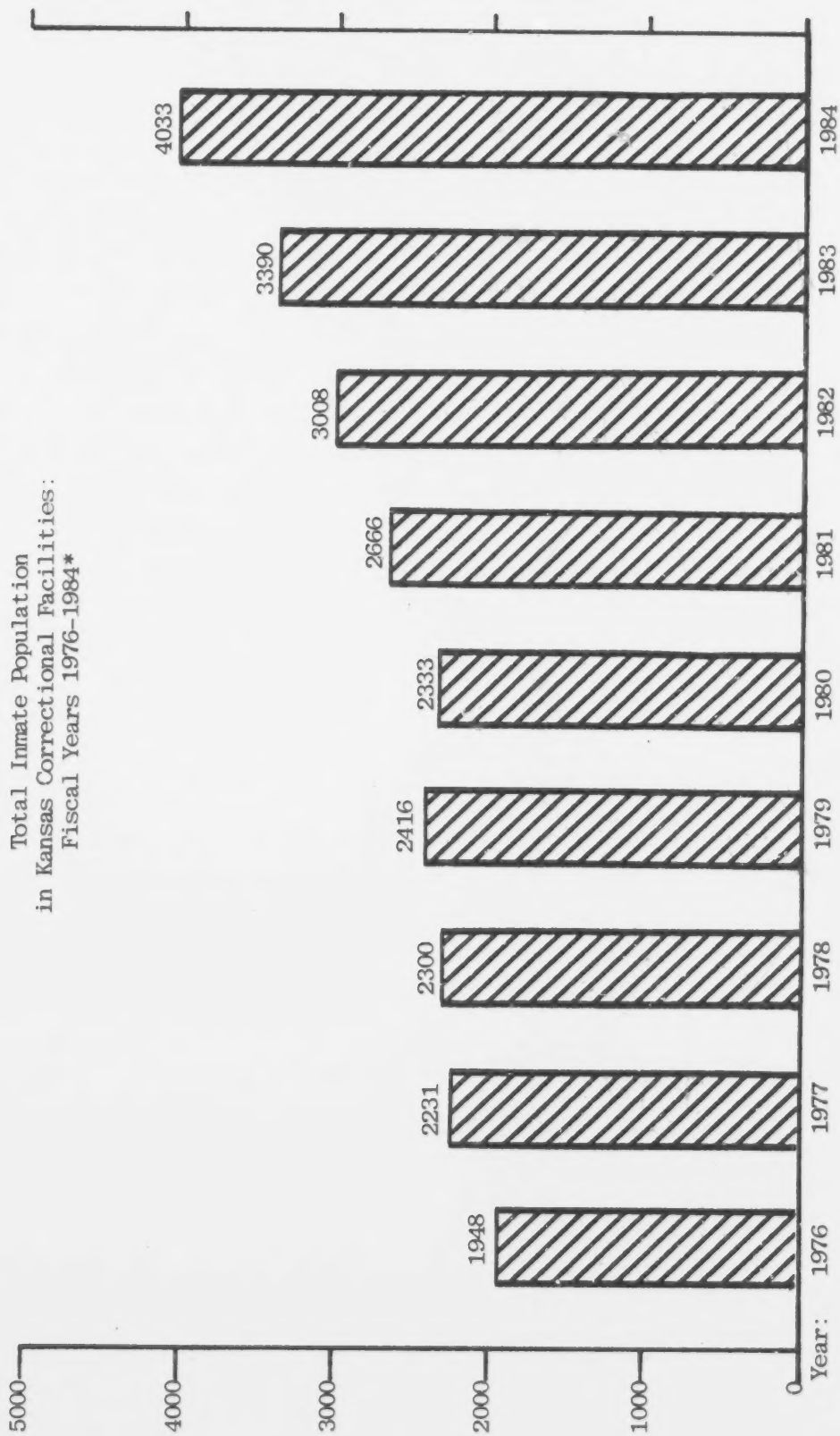
Status and Physical Location of All Felony Offenders in the Correctional System:
Comparison of the June 30, 1983 and June 30, 1984 Populations

<u>Status/Physical Location</u>	<u>Number of Offenders</u>		<u>Change</u>	
	<u>6-30-83</u>	<u>6-30-84</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>%</u>
Kansas correctional facilities:				
Intake evaluation complete	2832	3695	863	30.5
Awaiting intake evaluation (or in progress)	455	209	(246)	(54.1)
Presentence evaluation	7	2	(5)	(71.4)
Interstate compact received	39	57	18	46.2
Other Kansas facilities:				
State hospital	34	46	12	35.3
Contract jail placement	6	5	(1)	(16.7)
Contract work release	<u>17</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>2</u>	11.8
Totals	3390	4033	643	19.0
Out-of-state correctional facilities:				
Interstate compact sent	54	57	3	5.6
In absentia	<u>70</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>10</u>	14.3
Totals	124	137	13	10.5
Other locations:				
Out for court appearance	117	248	131	112.0
Medical	3	2	(1)	(33.3)
Furlough	6	9	3	50.0
Local detention	12	7	(5)	(41.7)
Escape (at large)	<u>22</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>(5)</u>	(22.7)
Totals	160	283	123	76.9
*Parolees/Probationers:				
In-state parole	1598	1394	(204)	(12.8)
Out-of-state parole	508	525	17	3.4
Compact parole	200	215	15	7.5
Compact probationer	748	623	(125)	(16.7)
Active D.O.C. warrant (absconder, etc.)	<u>297</u>	<u>365</u>	<u>68</u>	22.9
Totals	3351	3122	(229)	(6.8)
Grand Totals (All Offenders)	7025	7575	550	7.8

Note: A figure in parentheses is a negative value.

*Includes conditional release.

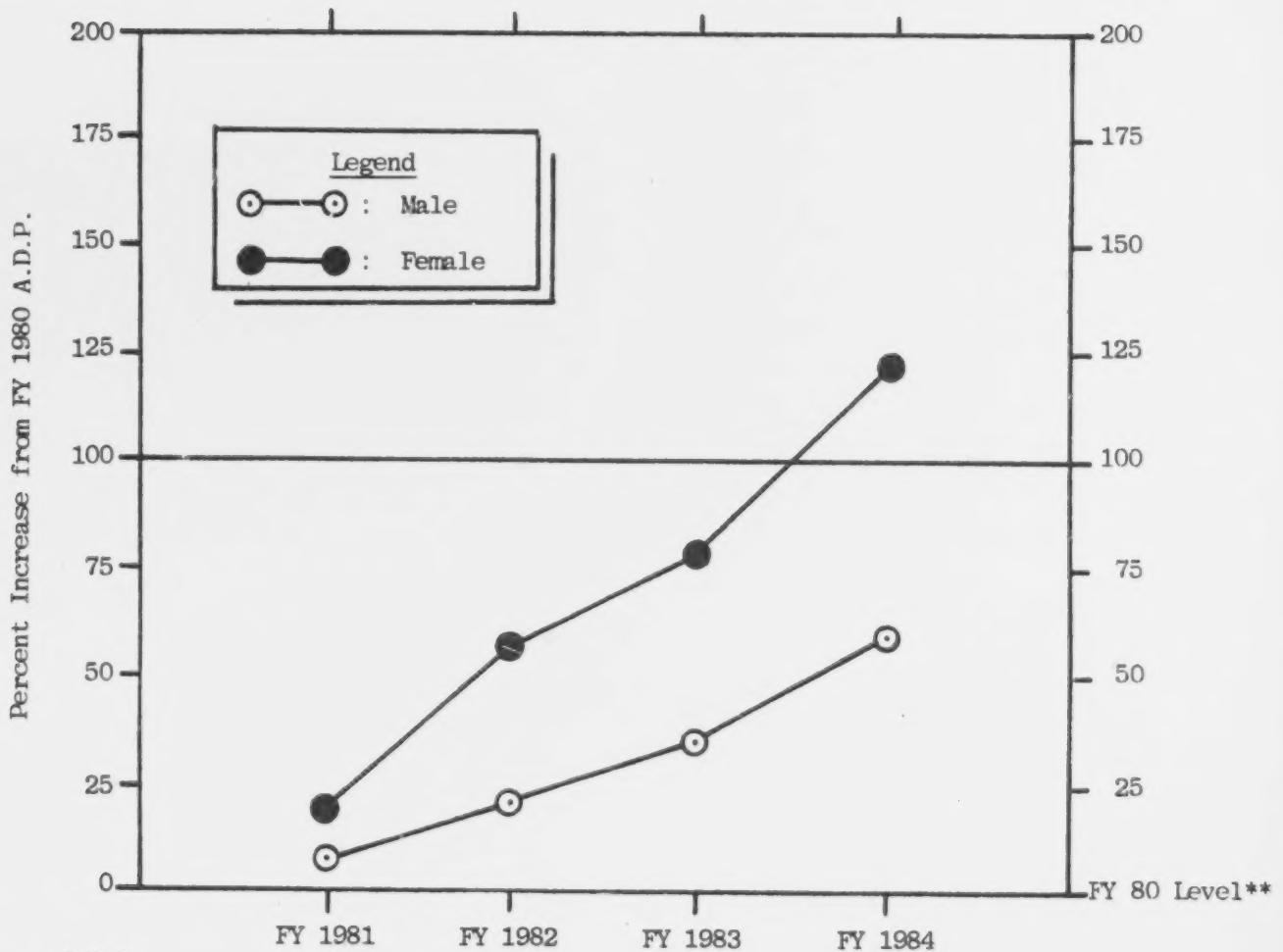
Figure 1
Total Inmate Population
in Kansas Correctional Facilities:
Fiscal Years 1976-1984*



*Figures reflect total inmate population as of the end of each fiscal year (June 30), including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

Figure 2

Rate of Growth in Average Daily Population (A.D.P.)
for Male and Female Offenders: FY 1980 - 1984*



A.D.P.	FY 1981	FY 1982	FY 1983	FY 1984
Male	2376	2657	2996	3521
Female	109	144	164	205
Total	2485	2801	3160	3726

% Increase from FY 1980 Level

Male	7%	19%	35%	58%
Female	18%	57%	78%	123%
Total	7%	21%	36%	61%

*The A.D.P. figures are based on the total inmate population, including the non-D.O.C. facility population (contract work release, contract jail placement, and Larned State Hospital).

**FY 1980: Male 2224; Female 92, Total 2316.

Figure 3

End-of-month Population (Census) for Each Month of Fiscal Years 1982-1984*

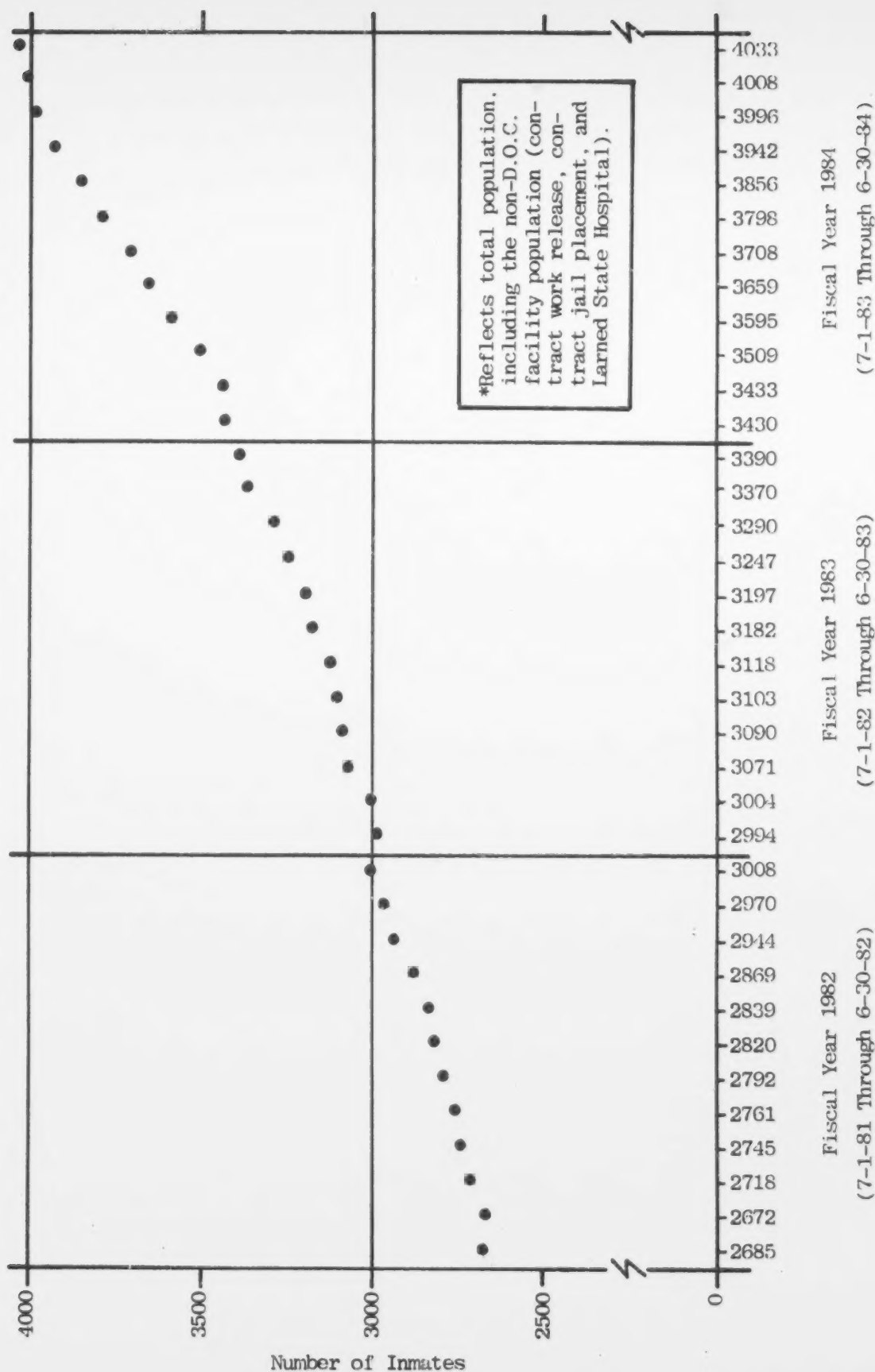


Table 2

Number of Inmates Confined (Census) and Average Daily Population:
Comparison of FY 1983 and FY 1984

Name of Correctional Facility	Average Daily Population			Number Confined (Census)		
	FY 1983	FY 1984	Increase or Decrease	June 30, 1983	June 30, 1984	Increase or Decrease
<u>D.O.C. Facilities</u>						
Kansas State Penitentiary	1443	1731	+288	1575	1860	+285
Kansas State Industrial Reformatory	1003	1203	+200	1076	1257	+181
Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center	206	199	- 7	205	208	+ 3
State Reception and Diagnostic Center	124	132	+ 8	126	136	+ 10
Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing	114	182	+ 68	131	204	+ 73
Toronto Honor Camp	58	61	+ 3	63	59	- 4
El Dorado Honor Camp	54	55	+ 1	56	65	+ 9
Topeka Work Release Center	25	25	0	27	21	- 6
Wichita Work Release Center	53	55	+ 2	54	65	+ 11
Hutchinson Work Release Center	19	19	0	19	17	- 2
Topeka Pre-release Center	0	0	0	0	32	+ 32
Winfield Pre-release Center	0	1	+ 1	0	39	+ 39
Subtotal: D.O.C. Facility Population	3099	3663	+564	3332	3963	+631
<u>Non-D.O.C. Facilities</u>						
Contract Work Release Placement	20	21	+ 1	17	19	+ 2
Contract Jail Placement	5	5	0	6	5	- 1
Larned State Hospital	36	37	+ 1	35	46	+ 11
Subtotal: Non-D.O.C. Facility Population	61	63	+ 2	58	70	+ 12
Grand Total: All Facilities	3160	3726	+566	3390	4033	+643
Male	2996	3521	+525	3216	3793	+577
Female	164	205	+ 41	174	240	+ 66

Note. A number in parentheses indicates the number of females included in the population.

• • • • • SECTION II • • • • •

Admissions and Releases During Fiscal Year 1983

Summary of Admission and Release Activities

A summary of the admission and release data for Fiscal Year 1984 is presented in Table 3 by type of admission and type of release. For each type of admission and release, the level of change from Fiscal Year 1983 is included. Within the table, each column must be defined separately in order to understand the relationship among the columns. The "initial" column is designed to count each offender's first entry (primary admission) and/or latest exit (primary release) during the period. The "subsequent" column contains off-setting release-readmission transactions of two types:

- (1) Those involving offenders in confinement at the beginning of the period who were subsequently released then readmitted, thus remaining in confinement at the end of the period; and
- (2) Those involving offenders not in confinement at the beginning of the period who had one or more subsequent release-readmission transactions in addition to the primary admission and/or primary release counted in the "initial" column.

These "subsequent" transactions are counted separately because they have no impact on the net gain or loss to the inmate population. The "total" column contains the sums of the initial and subsequent columns and reflects the total number of admission and release transactions occurring during the period, excluding the known temporary releases footnoted in Table 3.

The total number of admissions during Fiscal Year 1984 was 2,457, an increase of only 9 (0.4%) from Fiscal Year 1983. The admission category, "court commitments," predominately new court commitments, accounted for 86% of the total admissions. The total number of releases during the period was 1,845, down sharply (11%) from Fiscal Year 1983. Of the total releases 997 (54.0%) were paroles and 705 (38.2%) were court-ordered releases, including probation. The number of admissions during Fiscal Year 1984 was 612 more than the number of releases. Note that the increase in the inmate census from June 30, 1983 to June 30, 1984 (643) as shown in Table 2 is slightly greater than the difference between admissions and releases (612). As explained in the footnotes of Figure 4, this variation is due primarily to different data entry time constraints for the two types of information.

During Fiscal Year 1984, there were 123 "subsequent" release-readmission transactions. These transactions resulted primarily from offenders released on parole who subsequently were readmitted as parole violators, either for technical violations of parole or because of new convictions for felony offenses. Parole violations of these types accounted for 65% of the total number of subsequent transactions for the period.

The cumulative total number of admissions and releases as well as the end-of-month census for each month of Fiscal Year 1984 is plotted on the graph in Figure 4. The monthly average number of admissions for the period was 205; the corresponding statistic for releases was 154. For every month, admissions outnumbered releases and, on the average, there were 51 more admissions per month than releases. The net effect of this pattern of admissions and releases is the observed continuation of inmate population growth -- growth at a rate which was dramatically greater than that observed during Fiscal Years 1981 through 1983.

Table 4 provides detailed data on admissions and releases for each year from Fiscal Year 1980 through Fiscal Year 1984. Examination of this information is helpful in identifying the factors underlying the large increase in population during Fiscal Year 1984. In the two years prior to Fiscal Year 1984 the population increase was primarily a function of the yearly increase in admissions outweighing the smaller increase in releases. However, for Fiscal Year 1984 the increase in population was due primarily to a very sharp decrease in the number of releases coupled with only a very slight increase in admissions. Specifically, the type of release underlying this effect was parole. The total number of paroles dropped 28.7% from 1,399 in Fiscal Year 1983 to only 997 in Fiscal Year 1984.* The impact of the decrease in paroles during Fiscal Year 1984 would have been even greater had it not been for the substantial increase in other types of release, especially court-ordered releases. One factor which could have had an impact in reducing the rate of parole was the passage of Kansas House Bill 3104 which served to increase the average length of time to be served for a large proportion of offenders committing offenses on or after July 1, 1982. The impact of H.B. 3104 on releases will continue during Fiscal Year 1985. However, with the recent passage of Senate Bill 858, the effect should eventually diminish.

*In August, 1983, the K.A.A. was reduced from a five-member to a three-member board, with the appointment of two new members.

Table 3

Admissions and Releases During FY 1984

.....Admissions.....

Types of Admission		Number of Admissions, FY 1984*		Change from FY 1983 (Total)	
Admissions by Court Action		Initial	Subsequent**	Total	
Court Commitments					Number %
New Court Commitment		1535	0	1535	(53) (3.3)
Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency		11	0	11	(2) (15.4)
Probation Violator, Technical		186	35	221	43 24.2
Probation Violator, New Sentence		99	4	103	(4) (3.7)
Parole Violator, New Sentence		217	29	246	10 4.2
Conditional Release Violator, New Sentence		1	2	3	(1) (25.0)
••Subtotals: Court Commitments		2049••	70••	2119••	(7)•• (.3)••
Presentence Evaluation		22	0	22	(26) (54.2)
Return from Court Appearance		27	0	27	(2) (6.9)
••Subtotals: Admissions by Court Action		2098••	70••	2168••	(35)•• (1.6)••
Returns by Department of Corrections Action					
Parole Violator, Technical		190	51	241	39 19.3
Conditional Release Violator, Technical		1	0	1	1 -
Escapee Returned		15	0	15	7 87.5
••Subtotals: Returns by D.O.C. Action		206••	51••	257••	47•• 22.4••
Inter-jurisdictional Transfers					
Interstate/Federal Compact Received		21	0	21	0 0
Kansas Inmate Returned from Another Jurisdiction		9	2	11	(3) (21.4)
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers		30••	2••	32••	(3)•• (8.6)••
Totals: All Types of Admission		2334	123	2457	9 0.4

Table 3 (cont.)

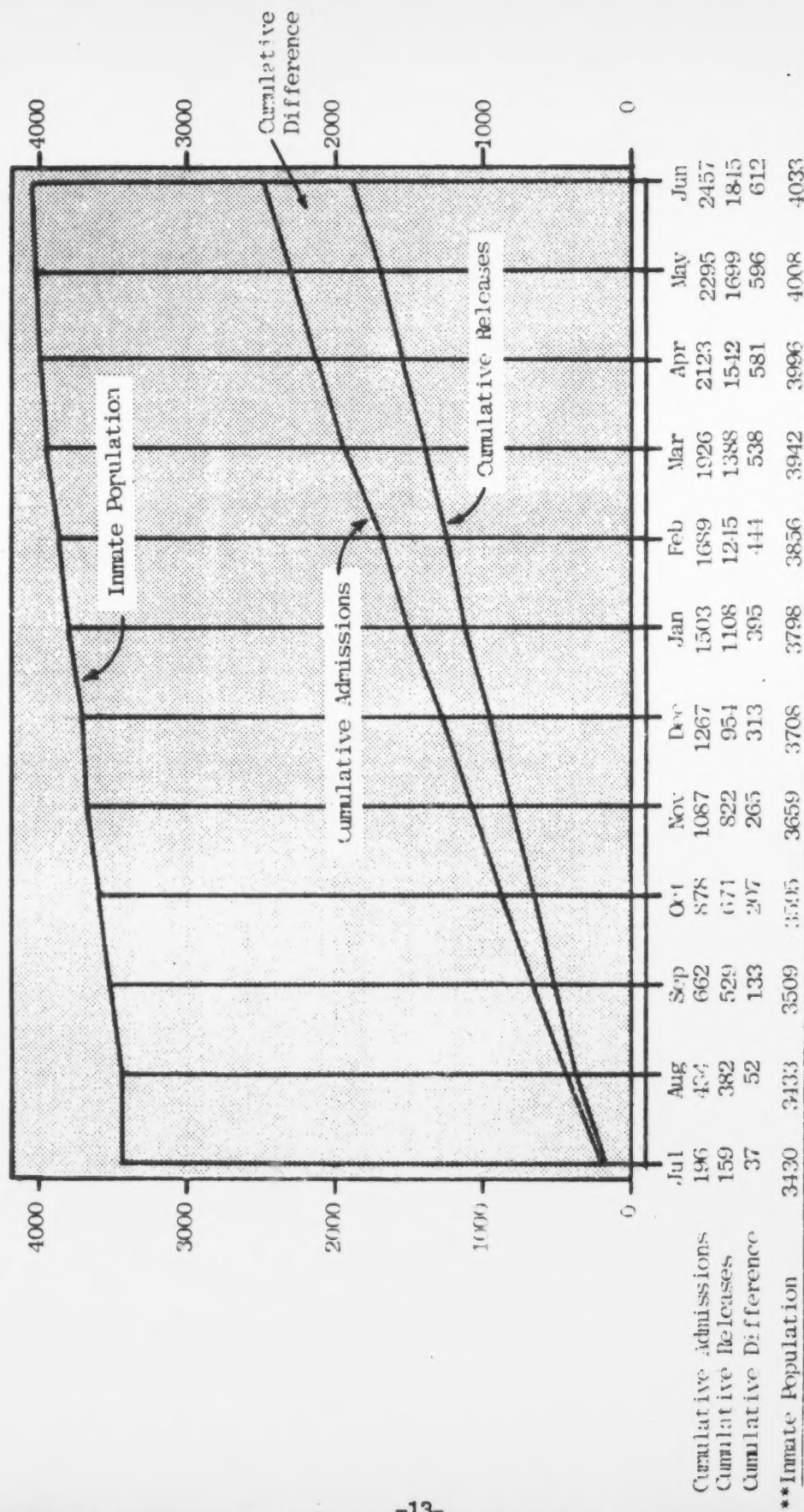
Types of Release	Number of Releases, FY 1984*			Change from FY 1983 (Total)	
	Initial	Subsequent**	Total	Number	%
<u>Parole</u>	<u>680</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>747</u>	<u>(325)</u>	<u>(30.3)</u>
Parole In-state	172	9	181	(70)	(27.9)
Parole Out-of-state (Compact)	49	0	49	(20)	(29.0)
Parole to Detainer	16	4	20	13	185.7
Reparole	917**	80**	997**	(402)**	(28.7)**
**Subtotals: Parole					
Conditional Release	89	1	90	44	95.7
Expiration of Sentence	5	0	5	4	400.0
Commutation or Pardon	2	0	2	2	-
<u>Inter-jurisdictional Transfers</u>					
Kansas Inmate Released for Housing	16	2	18	(3)	(14.3)
Interstate/Fed. Inmate Released to Sending Juris.	16	0	16	0	0
Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	32	2**	34**	(3)**	(8.1)**
<u>Court-ordered Releases</u>					
Probation	415	40	455	50	12.4
Returned Parolee Placed on Probation	0	0	0	(3)	(100.0)
Released on Appeal Bond	5	0	5	1	25.0
Presentence Returned to Court	22	0	22	(19)	(46.3)
Released for Court Appearance	216	0	216	104	92.9
Other Final Release by Court Order	7	0	7	(1)	(12.5)
Subtotals: Court-ordered Releases	665	40**	705**	132**	23.0**
<u>Escape</u>					
Death (All Causes)	5	0	5	(10)	(66.7)
	<u>7</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>40.0</u>
Totals: All Types of Release	1722	123	1845	(231)	(11.1)
Difference: Admissions Over Releases	612	-	612	-	-

*An "Initial" admission/release represents the first admission by an offender during the period and/or his latest release, with each individual counted only once as an admission and/or once as a release. The "Subsequent" column includes the counting of offenders who were in confinement at the beginning of the period, but who were subsequently released and re-admitted, thus remaining in confinement at the end of the period. This column also includes the counting of the additional release-admission transactions for offenders already counted in the "Initial" column. The "Total" column contains the sum of the "Initial" and "Subsequent" admissions/releases.

**Within the "Subsequent" column, certain types of transactions involving temporary exit from a correctional facility have been excluded: Release to court/return from court (363 transactions) and escape/return from escape (18 transactions).

Figure 4

Cumulative Total Number of Admissions and Releases
in Relation to the End-of-month Inmate Population: FY 1984 by Month*



*Total admissions and releases are defined in Table 3. Note that the difference between the June 30, 1983 and June 30, 1984 census (612) is slightly greater than the difference between FY 1984 cumulative admissions and FY 1984 cumulative releases (612). This difference is due primarily to the fact that the information on admissions and releases taken into account all transactions occurring during FY 1984, some of which could be recorded up to several days after the period ended. In contrast, for the census data only the year's transactions actually recorded within the year were counted.

**Total inmate population (including the non-D.O.C. facility population).

Table 4
Yearly Admissions and Releases: FY 1980 - FY 1984*

• • • • • Admissions • • • • •

Types of Admission

<u>Admissions by Court Action</u>	<u>FY 1980</u>	<u>FY 1981</u>	<u>FY 1982</u>	<u>FY 1983</u>	<u>FY 1984</u>
<u>Court Commitments</u>					
New Court Commitment	1107	1296	1451	1588	1535
Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	6	4	12	13	11
Probation Violator, Technical	82	143	180	178	221
Probation Violator, New Sentence	56	73	97	107	103
Parole Violator, New Sentence	144	221	212	236	246
Conditional Release Violator, New Sentence	4	7	6	4	3
••Subtotals: Court Commitments	1399••	1744••	1958••	2126••	2119••
Presentence Evaluation	63	70	56	48	22
Return from Court Appearance	30	28	30	29	27
••Subtotals: Admissions by Court Action	1492••	1842••	2044••	2203••	2168••
<u>Returns by Department of Corrections Action</u>					
Parole Violator, Technical	160	215	183	202	241
Conditional Release Violator, Technical	0	0	2	0	1
Escapee Returned	12	11	14	8	15
••Subtotals: Returns by D.O.C. Action	172••	226••	199••	210••	257••
<u>Inter-jurisdictional Transfers</u>					
Interstate/Federal Compact Received	14	12	17	21	21
Kansas Inmate Returned from Another Jurisdiction	8	12	6	14	11
••Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	22••	24••	23••	35••	32••
Totals: All Types of Admission	1686	2092	2266	2448	2457

Table 4 (cont.)

..... Releases

<u>Types of Release</u>	<u>FY 1980</u>	<u>FY 1981</u>	<u>FY 1982</u>	<u>FY 1983</u>	<u>FY 1984</u>
<u>Parole</u>					
Parole In-state	1019	955	1103	1072	747
Parole Out-of-state (Compact)	206	184	189	251	181
Parole to Detainer	3	8	32	69	49
Reparole	6	21	20	7	20
Subtotals: Parole	1234	1168**	1344**	1399**	997**
<u>Conditional Release</u>	51	58	43	46	90
<u>Expiration of Sentence</u>	0	1	1	1	5
<u>Commutation or Pardon</u>	0	0	0	0	2
<u>Inter-jurisdictional Transfers</u>					
Kansas Inmate Released for Housing	17	11	22	21	18
Interstate/Fed. Inmate Released to Sending Juris.	7	10	2	16	16
Subtotals: Inter-jurisdictional Transfers	24	21**	24**	37**	34**
<u>Court-ordered Releases</u>					
Probation	323	290	324	405	455
Returned Parolee Placed on Probation	12	6	7	3	0
Released on Appeal Bond	10	4	4	4	5
Presentence Returned to Court	53	63	46	41	22
Released for Court Appearance	35	107	129	112	216
Other Final Release by Court Order	7	6	4	8	7
Subtotals: Court-ordered Releases	440	476**	514**	573**	705**
<u>Escape</u>					
<u>Death (All Causes)</u>	17	18	10	15	5
	<u>4</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>7</u>
Totals: All Types of Release	1770	1753	1941	2076	1845
Difference: Admissions Over Releases	(84)	339	325	372	612

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

*The data represent "total admissions" and "total releases" as defined in Table 3 footnotes.

Admissions by Court Action

Additional information on selected categories of admissions is presented in Figure 5 and Table 5. These data pertain only to admissions by court actions, specifically the "initial" admissions as defined in Table 3, including all categories of admission under the heading "Court Commitments." In Figure 5, the number on top in each county is the total of such admissions occurring during Fiscal Year 1984, while the bottom figure represents the change in the number from Fiscal Year 1983. For Fiscal Year 1984 statewide, there were 2,049 of these admissions with the four most populous counties (Johnson, Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte) collectively accounting for over half the total (53%).

Table 5 includes data on the same types of admission, presented by felony class of offense for Fiscal Years 1981-1984. The information for Fiscal Year 1984 is further broken down by county of commitment. The Fiscal Year 1984 statewide total was distributed among the five felony classes as follows: class A, 1.8%; class B, 8.8%; class C, 20.4%; class D, 49.6%; class E 19.4%. This distribution differs little from that observed for Fiscal Years 1981 - 1983.

Further examination of the Fiscal Year 1984 data presented in Table 5 indicates interesting differences among the four most populous counties. For example, Sedgwick County provided 23% of the statewide total of court commitments, all felony classes combined. However, considering each felony class separately, this county sent only about 9% of the statewide total of class E's, compared to 23%-36% of each of the other classes. In contrast, Johnson County sent about 13% of the statewide total (all classes); but 28% of the class E's and 19% of the class A's compared to only 3% to 11% of each of the other felony classes. The pattern for Shawnee County was similar to that for Johnson County, with a disproportionately high number of court commitments for class E felonies. Shawnee contributed 6% of the commitments statewide, but 12% of the class E's. For Wyandotte County,

commitments for class B felony offenses were disproportionately high. This county provided 11% of the court commitments statewide (all classes combined), but 21% of the class B's. Overall, the admission pattern among the four most populous counties was very similar to that of Fiscal Year 1983.

Table 6 contains admission data on the youthful offender. The number of admissions of offenders under age eighteen at the time of offense is presented by felony class of offense and type of offense -- whether person, property, drug, or other type of crime. Proportionately, the distribution by felony class does not differ appreciably from that of the general admissions population.

Number of Admissions by Court Actions:
FY 1984 and Level of Change from FY 1983, by County*



1 +1	1 -1	0 0	3 +1	6 +4	1 0	2 0	1 +1	1 0	8 +5	4 -2	2 -4	1 0	221 +15
5 +2	12 +9	0 0	4 +2	4 +3	4 0	1 -1	8 +4	1 0	18 -3	12 +5	3 -8	26 -10	263 +49
1 +1	1 +1	1 +1	0 -1	4 -3	1 +1	3 +2	1 -3	10 -5	53 -18	5 +1	127 +5	39 -20	263 +49
0 -2	7 -1	1 +1	2 -1	4 +1	14 +2	0 -1	18 +1	2 0	2 -2	60 +28	6 -4	10 -5	8 -2
4 +2	46 +8	4 +3	0 0	7 -4	1 -1	1 -1	57 +5	16 -2	31 +4	5 -1	4 +2	15 0	11 -2
2 +2	6 +1	1 +1	7 -18	0 -2	14 +9	1 -1	1 -1	456 -85	456 -85	31 +4	10 +3	10 0	13 -7
0 -1	21 +3	4 -5	0 0	3 +3	2 0	2 0	2 0	26 +2	16 -4	10 +2	82 +16	19 -11	0 -5

*The top figure for each county is the number of "Initial" admissions as defined in Table 3 (all types of "Initial" admissions under the heading "Court Commitments"). The bottom figure represents the change in the number from FY 1983. For FY 1984 statewide, there were 2,049 such admissions (including 34 for which the county of admission was not available). Four counties (those projected on the map) collectively accounted for over half (53%) of the total.

Table 5

Admissions by Court Actions, by Felony Class of the Most Serious Current Offense
Relating to the Latest Admission of the Period: FY 1981 - FY 1984*

Fiscal Year	Felony Class of Offense					Totals
	A	B	C	D	E	
1981	28	170	287	881	299	1665
1982	35	215	395	950	307	1902
1983	32	193	416	1060	347	2048
1984 by County						
Sedgwick	12	64	116	227	37	456
Johnson	7	5	29	112	110	263
Wyandotte	5	37	56	88	35	221
Shawnee	2	8	27	45	45	127
Geary	2	5	20	17	9	53
Montgomery	0	5	12	54	11	82
Saline	0	1	15	43	11	70
Lyon	0	3	5	34	18	60
Reno	3	4	8	27	15	57
Finney	1	0	9	23	13	46
Remaining 95 Counties	4	46	113	330	87	580
FY 1984 Totals	36	178	410	1000	391	2015
Unknown County/Class	-	-	-	-	-	34
						2049

*Entries represent only "Initial" admissions as defined in Table 3; see "Subtotals: Court Commitments" (n=2049 for FY 1984).

Table 6

Number of Admissions of Offenders Under Age Eighteen at the Time of Offense,
by Felony Class and Type of Offense: FY 1980 - FY 1984

Fiscal Year	Felony Class of Offense for Which Admitted				
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E*</u>
1980	1	12	6	21	9 (5)
1981	1	10	8	31	8 (6)
1982	3	6	14	40	23 (19)
1983	0	6	12	35	21 (16)
1984	0	8	13	37	13 (8)
					<u>Totals</u>
					49
					58
					86
					74
					71

Fiscal Year	Type of Offense			
	<u>Person</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Drug</u>	<u>Other</u>
1980	20	23	0	6
1981	18	32	2	6
1982	23	42	1	20
1983	17	39	2	16
1984	23	39	1	8
				<u>Totals</u>
				49
				58
				86
				74
				71

*A figure in parentheses represents the number of aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments within the total Class E felony admissions.

• • • • • SECTION III • • • • •

Inmate Profile Population: June 30, 1984

Introduction

This section provides a description of selected characteristics of the inmate population confined within Kansas correctional facilities on June 30, 1984, the last day of Fiscal Year 1984. The focus of this profile information is on the demographic attributes and social backgrounds of the offenders, the nature of the offenses for which incarcerated, the sentences imposed, and the criminal histories of the offenders.

The composition of the profile population was determined in the same manner as described in the annual reports for Fiscal Years 1981 - 1983. It includes, in addition to inmates actually housed in correctional facilities on June 30, 1984, all offenders in the following physical locations: state hospital, contract jail placement, contract work release, out for medical care, and out on furlough. Excluded from the profile population are offenders then undergoing presentence evaluation, inmates out for court appearances, inmates serving Kansas sentences while housed in out-of-state facilities under compact agreement, out-of-state offenders serving in Kansas facilities on sentences of other jurisdictions, inmates serving in absentia (inmates housed in other jurisdictions while serving Kansas sentences concurrently with sentences of other jurisdictions), escapees, offenders confined in local detention facilities, and all offenders on parole or probation status. This selection process produced a June 30, 1984 profile population of 3,968; 3,736 males and 232 females.

Characteristics of the Inmate Profile Population

Before proceeding with the detailed discussion of the inmate profile population, the list below is offered as a capsule summary of some of the basic characteristics of the group. Each of the following characteristics was observed in a majority of the inmates upon admission to the correctional system:

- Sex - Male
- Racial/ethnic Group - White, large minority (41%) non-white
- Age - Under 25
- Religion - Protestant
- Formal Education - Less than high school or G.E.D.
- Formal Vocational Training - None
- Employment Status - Not employed full-time
- Longest Period of Employment - One year or less
- Type of Admission - New court commitment
- Type of Offense :
 - for class A, B, C felons - person crime
 - for class D and E felons - property crime
- Length of Sentence (Minimum) - Four years or less
- Length of Current Confinement to Date - Two years or less
- Prior Felony Convictions - One or more
- Prior Felony Incarcerations - None

The distribution of the June 30, 1984 profile population among the correctional facilities is depicted graphically in Figure 6. Nearly half of the population (45.8%) was housed at Kansas State Penitentiary and another third (32.8%) at Kansas State Industrial Reformatory. Information on selected characteristics of the profile population is presented in Table 7 by facility of confinement. In Table 8 the profile populations for Fiscal Years 1983 and 1984 are compared on these same characteristics. For most characteristics the proportionate distribution of the inmates is about the same for both fiscal years. However, in examining the level and direction of change for each category within a particular characteristic, there is evidence of changes in the composition of the population. The total number in the profile population increased by 18.3% from Fiscal Year 1983 to Fiscal Year 1984. However, the amount of increase varied considerably among the population subgroups. Notable changes in the composition of the profile population involve sex, prior criminal history, and the felony class of the most serious current offense. The increase from Fiscal Year 1983 in the number of offenders with class E felonies was disproportionately great (34.1%), as it was for classes D and C to a lesser extent. The number with no prior felony convictions or incarcerations also increased disproportionately. And, consistent with previous discussion, the number of female inmates increased proportionately at nearly twice the rate as the number of males.

The last part of Table 8 pertains to inmates in the profile population whose most recent admission to a Department of Corrections facility had resulted from violation of the conditions of probation, parole, or conditional release. This group comprised 30% of the profile population for Fiscal Year 1982, 31% for Fiscal Year 1983, and 32% for Fiscal Year 1984. New commitments made up the remainder of the profile population. The total number of inmates who had been committed for some type of violation increased 23.4% from Fiscal Year 1983 to Fiscal Year 1984 while the number of new commitments in the profile population increased by only 16.1%. Thus, the group of violators contributed more

significantly, not in number but in proportion, to the growth of the profile population from Fiscal Year 1983 to Fiscal Year 1984 than did the new commitments. This is consistent with the corresponding changes noted from Fiscal Year 1982 to Fiscal Year 1983.

Table 9 contains additional data on the history of previous criminal activities of the offenders in the Fiscal Year 1984 profile population. Both the number of previous felony convictions and the number of previous incarcerations for felony offenses are presented by felony class of the overall most serious current offense. As with the Fiscal Year 1983 data, the proportion of the population with one or more previous convictions was considerably greater (63%) for class D felons than for any of the other classes (46%-54%). About the same pattern was observed in regard to previous incarcerations in which the proportion of class D felons with one or more previous incarcerations was 45%, compared to a range of 24%-40% for the other classes.

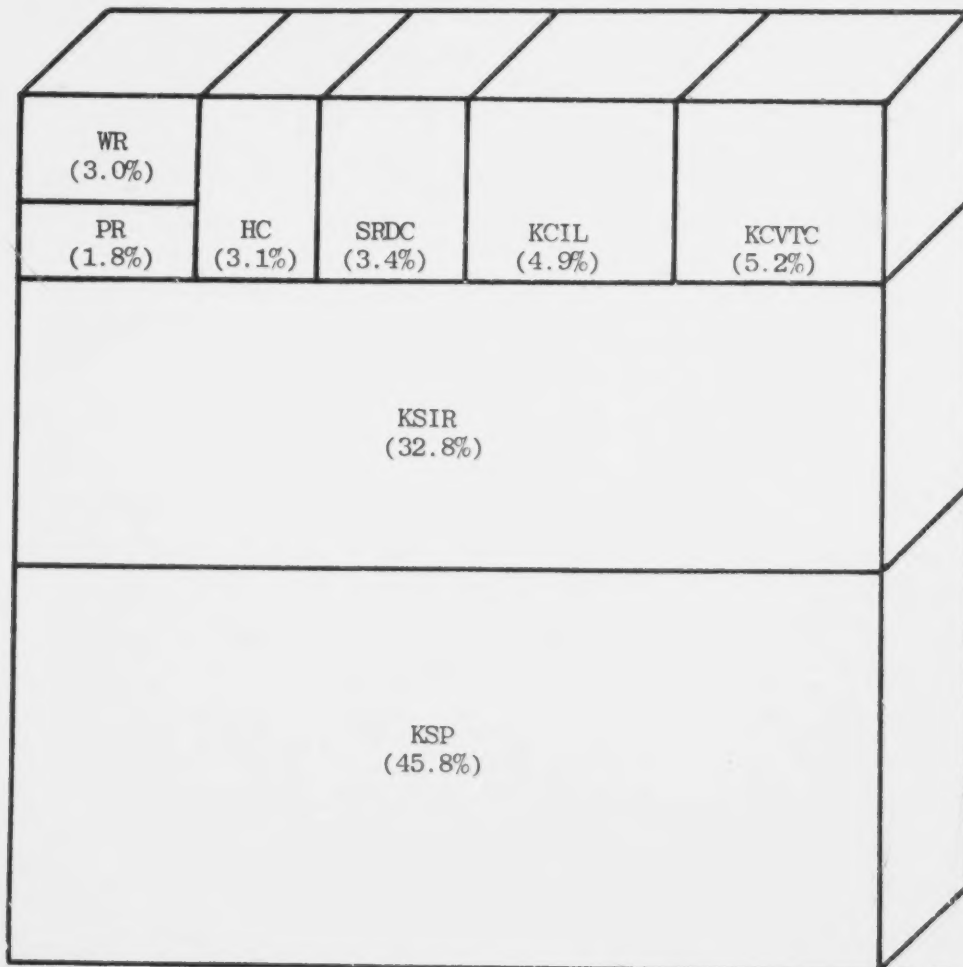
Other data (not tabled) obtained at the time of the diagnostic evaluation provide additional information regarding the characteristics of the Fiscal Year 1984 profile population. For example, the marital status of nearly half the group (49%) was single; nearly one third (31%) was married, conventional or common-law; and the remainder (20%) was widowed, divorced, or separated. A lack of both vocational training and employment experience was common among members of the profile population. Only 40% reported employment as the primary source of income before confinement and about the same proportion (37%) reported either no source of income at all or no lawful source. The longest period of continuous employment was six months or less for 45% of the population and one year or less for 68%. Pre-confinement histories of substance abuse were evident among many of the inmates. Over one-third (37%) was considered to have had serious problems with alcohol, in the form of addiction or habitual excessive use. About the same proportion (41%) had been addicted to or had been excessive users of drugs. The types of drug preferred or most often used were cannabis (51.5% of the users),

stimulants (24.2%), narcotics (13.5%), hallucinogens(5.8), depressants (4.6%), and inhalents (0.4%). About 20% had a history of serious problems with both alcohol and drugs. In summary these attributes, as with inmate profile populations of previous years, reflect inadequate or unacceptable social functioning in a large proportion of the group.

Table 10 contains a summary of the status of the inmate population with regard to general institutional employment and program participation. Part 1 of this table presents data on general employment status while Part 2 identifies the particular detail or program to which the inmate is assigned. Note that all the information pertains to the institutional assignments of the inmates comprising the population in correctional facilities on September 4, 1984. (The corresponding data for June 30, 1984 were unavailable.) Of the total of 3,909 for which the information was obtained, 2,297 (58.8%) had full-time assignments, either work assignments or participation in academic or educational programs. The remaining 1,612 (41.2%) were, for a variety of reasons, not considered employed full-time. One large group of the unemployed (643) was unavailable for full-time work or program assignment because they were in some type of segregation, were in orientation status, or were undergoing intake evaluation. Most of the remaining 969 unemployed (about 25% of the total population) were able to work full-time, but were not working either because no assignments were available or because they were unwilling to work. These figures point up a problem which is common in many prison systems -- that of inmate idleness.

Figure 6

Distribution of the June 30, 1984 Inmate Population Among Correctional Facilities



Correctional Facility	No.	%
Kansas State Penitentiary (KSP)	1816	45.8
Kansas State Industrial Reformatory (KSIR)	1303	32.8
Kansas Correctional-Vocational Training Center (KCVTC)	207	5.2
State Reception and Diagnostic Center (SRDC)	134	3.4
Kansas Correctional Institution at Lansing (KCIL)	197	4.9
Toronto Honor Camp (THC)	58	1.5
El Dorado Honor Camp (EHC)	64	1.6
Work Release (WR):		
Topeka Work Release Center	21	.5
Wichita Work Release Center	64	1.6
Hutchinson Work Release Center	15	.4
Contract Work Release	18	.5
Pre-release (PR):		
Topeka Pre-release Center	33	.8
Winfield Pre-release Center	38	1.0
Total (All facilities)	3968	100.0

Table 7

Summary of Inmate Characteristics: June 30, 1984 Population

	Facility of Confinement								
*Characteristic	Totals	KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR
<u>Age Group (Years)</u>									
15 - 19	226	4	161	35	15	5	3	2	1
20 - 24	1240	177	778	105	51	39	29	35	26
25 - 29	1034	566	268	33	27	56	27	38	19
30 - 34	604	413	54	24	17	42	29	16	9
35 - 39	424	318	18	8	15	29	17	12	7
40+	440	338	24	2	9	26	17	15	9
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
<u>Racial/Ethnic Group</u>									
White	2348	1007	804	151	95	104	69	75	43
Black	1401	701	416	50	37	86	47	36	28
Hispanic	152	75	58	5	1	4	4	5	0
American Indian	53	29	16	1	1	2	2	2	0
Asian or Pacific Islander	14	4	9	0	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
<u>Sex</u>									
Male	3736	1816	1299	169	134	28	122	108	60
Female	232	0	4**	38	0	169	0	10	11
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
<u>Education Level</u>									
Grades 0-11	1915	795	754	113	38	73	57	57	28
High School Graduate	522	236	143	35	18	33	22	19	16
G.E.D.	903	459	270	36	23	44	27	32	12
Greater Than High School	229	136	28	7	6	33	8	7	4
Unknown	399	190	108	16	49	14	8	3	11
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
<u>Custody Status</u>									
Maximum	750	572	115	9	42	8	3	0	1
Close	721	174	478	0	9	60	0	0	0
Medium	1269	804	435	5	10	13	1	0	1
Minimum	1221	266	271	191	73	116	117	118	69
Unassigned	7	0	4	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
<u>Number of Previous Felony Convictions</u>									
None	1553	507	658	117	55	89	54	52	21
1	927	419	321	44	25	42	21	33	22
2	572	335	127	20	11	28	26	16	9
3 or more	486	339	72	8	6	23	12	13	13
Unknown	430	216	125	18	37	15	9	4	6
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71

Table 7 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Totals	Facility of Confinement							
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR	PR
Number of Previous Incarcerations									
None	1980	695	792	141	60	130	66	66	30
1	775	419	219	21	14	36	24	24	18
2	320	238	34	1	6	12	15	11	3
3 or more	223	185	21	2	2	2	2	4	5
Unknown	670	279	237	42	52	17	15	13	15
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense									
A	311	223	58	0	5	21	3	1	0
B	1038	602	329	1	7	36	35	21	7
C	848	374	309	28	27	34	36	24	16
D	1431	469	518	152	73	71	45	60	43
E	283	102	84	26	20	33	2	11	5
Unknown	57	46	5	0	2	2	1	1	0
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71
***Duration of Present Confinement									
6 months or less	986	337	367	73	129	67	5	2	6
Over 6 months - to 1 year	748	289	292	78	2	34	23	13	17
Over 1 year - to 2 years	966	399	334	50	0	45	38	64	36
Over 2 years - to 3 years	476	258	142	5	0	14	30	17	10
Over 3 years - to 4 years	239	138	69	1	1	10	7	11	2
Over 4 years - to 5 years	151	100	31	0	1	9	5	5	0
Over 5 years	400	295	68	0	0	17	14	6	0
Unknown	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	3968	1816	1303	207	134	197	122	118	71

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30, 1984 (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Females technically assigned to KSIR but physically located at Larned State Hospital.

***Period from most recent admission to June 30, 1984.

Table 8

Inmate Characteristics:
Comparison of the June 30, 1983 and June 30, 1984 Populations

*Characteristic	Total Inmate Population				% Change From FY 83
	FY 1983		FY 1984		
	Number	%	Number	%	
<u>Age Group (Years)</u>					
15-19	207	6	226	6	9.2
20-24	1097	33	1240	31	13.0
25-29	849	25	1034	26	21.8
30-34	507	15	604	15	19.1
35-39	330	10	424	11	28.5
40+	363	11	440	11	21.2
Totals	3353	100	3968	100	18.3
<u>Racial/Ethnic Group</u>					
White	1976	59	2348	59	18.8
Black	1191	35	1401	35	17.6
Hispanic	120	4	152	4	26.7
American Indian	54	2	53	2	(1.9)
Asian or Pacific Islander	12	-	14	-	16.7
Totals	3353	100	3968	100	- -
<u>Sex</u>					
Male	3180	95	3736	94	17.5
Female	173	5	232	6	34.1
Totals	3353	100	3968	100	- -
<u>Education Level</u>					
Grades 0 - 11	1536	53	1915	54	24.7
High School Graduate	414	14	522	15	26.1
G.E.D.	753	26	903	25	19.9
Greater Than High School	203	7	229	6	12.8
Totals	2906	100	3569	100	- -
Unknown	447	-	399	-	- -
<u>Number of Previous Felony Convictions</u>					
None	1208	42	1553	44	28.6
1	785	27	927	26	18.1
2	427	15	572	16	34.0
3 or more	459	16	486	14	5.9
Totals	2879	100	3538	100	- -
Unknown	474	-	430	-	- -
<u>Number of Previous Incarcerations</u>					
None	1515	56	1980	60	30.7
1	668	25	775	23	16.0
2	290	11	320	10	10.3
3 or more	229	8	223	7	(2.6)
Totals	2702	100	3298	100	- -
Unknown	651	-	670	-	- -

Table 8 (cont.)

*Characteristic	Total Inmate Population				% Change From FY 83
	FY 1983		FY 1984		
	Number	%	Number	%	
<u>Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense</u>					
A	274	8	311	8	13.5
B	914	28	1038	26	13.6
C	689	21	848	22	23.1
D	1188	36	1431	37	20.5
E	211	7	283	7	34.1
Totals	3276	100	3911	100	- -
Unknown	77	-	57	-	- -
<u>**Duration of Present Confinement</u>					
6 months or less	1052	31	986	25	(6.3)
Over 6 months - to 1 year	641	19	748	19	16.7
Over 1 year - to 2 years	723	22	966	24	33.6
Over 2 years - to 3 years	308	9	476	12	54.6
Over 3 years - to 4 years	182	6	239	6	31.3
Over 4 years - to 5 years	134	4	151	4	12.7
Over 5 years	313	9	400	10	27.8
Totals	3353	100	3966	100	- -
Unknown	-	-	2	-	- -
<u>***Types of Admission</u>					
<u>Commitments for Violation</u>					
Technical Probation Violation	137	4	189	5	38.0
Probation Violation/New Sentence	160	5	180	5	12.5
Subtotals (All Probation Violation)	297	9	369	10	24.2
Technical Parole Violation	175	5	214	5	22.3
Parole Violation/New Sentence	552	17	680	17	23.2
Subtotals (All Parole Violation)	727	22	894	22	23.0
Conditional Release Violation	13	-	17	-	30.8
Subtotals (All Types of Violation)	1037	31	1280	32	23.4
<u>Other Commitments</u>					
New Commitments	2316	69	2688	68	16.1
Total Inmate Population	3353	100	3968	100	18.3

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

***Figures represent the number of inmates in the population on the date specified whose most recent entry into the Department of Corrections was of the specified type.

Table 9

Number of Previous Felony Convictions and Incarcerations
by Felony Class of the Most Serious Current Offense:
June 30, 1984 Population

Number of Pre- vious Convictions	Number of Offenders in Each Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense				
	A	B	C	D	E (All Classes)
0	146	423	346	489	131
1	70	246	180	361	64
2	38	134	92	269	32
3	9	61	44	108	14
4 or more	9	58	48	105	7
Totals	272	922	710	1332	248
% Change from FY 83	7.1%	13.6%	28.6%	27.6%	60.0%

Number of Pre-
vious Incarcerations

0	175	544	436	643	163	1961
1	60	192	155	329	34	770
2	25	102	53	116	12	308
3	6	44	25	37	5	117
4 or more	5	21	22	40	1	89
Totals	271	903	691	1165	215	3245

Missing observations: Felony class of most serious current offense = 57; number of previous convictions = 427; number of previous incarcerations = 666.

*Percent change in the total number of offenders in each felony class (from June 30, 1983); a number in parentheses is a negative value.

Table 10

General Employment and Program Status of Offenders
in the Inmate Population*

Part 1: Employment Status (Full-time Assignments)

Employment Status	Totals	Facility of Confinement						
		KSP	KSIR	KCVTC	SRDC	KCIL	HC	WR
Employed Full-time:								
Student (Vocational training and academic education)	567	172	272	122	-	1	-	-
Unskilled Worker	377	121	159	29	-	68	-	-
Semi-skilled Worker	366	225	116	-	-	25	-	-
Skilled Worker	611	330	242	15	-	24	-	-
Private Industries	21	5	-	-	-	16	-	-
Other Employment/Program	355	-	-	-	-	-	124	80
Subtotal Employed	2297	853	789	166	0	134	124	80
								151
								151
Not Employed:								
Lay-in (Able to work, no assignment available)	523	266	223	24	-	10	-	-
Lay-in (Failure to work, unwilling and/or unable)	446	294	132	1	-	19	-	-
Orientation	155	121	28	-	-	6	-	-
Administrative Segregation	101	71	28	-	-	2	-	-
Disciplinary Segregation	35	11	16	7	-	-	-	1
Protective Custody	200	200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Seg./Clinical Services	10	-	3	-	-	7	-	-
Other Not Employed	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Subtotal Not Employed	1478	963	430	32	0	44	0	9
								0
Undergoing Evaluation (SRDC or KCIL)	134	-	-	-	133	1	-	-
Employment Status Unknown	57	12	14	15	-	16	-	-
Grand Totals (All Offenders)	3966	1828	1233	213	133	195	124	89
								151

Table 10 (cont.)

Part 2: Program or Work Assignments (Full-time)**. Major Institutions

<u>Type of Assignment</u>	<u>Number Assigned</u>	
	<u>KSP</u>	<u>KSIR</u>
Institutional Support Detail	246	226
Maintenance Detail	155	107
Utility Work Detail	104	-
Outside Detail (KSIR)	-	123
Kansas Correctional Industries	158	28
Academic Education:		
Clerk, orderly, tutor	12	20
Student	109	126
Vocational Education:		
Clerk, orderly	6	14
Trainee	63	145
Subtotals	853	789
Remaining Population (Lay-in, orientation, etc.)	975	444
Total Population	1828	1233

. Other Correctional Facilities

<u>KCVTC</u>	<u>Number Assigned</u>
Vocational Trainee	117
Food Service	16
Renovation at Topeka Pre-release	11
SRDC Janitorial and Maintenance	2
Dorm Renovation	2
Other Support and Maintenance	18
Subtotal	166

Remaining Population	47
Total Population	213

<u>SRDC</u>	
Undergoing Evaluation (Total Population)	133

<u>KCIL</u>	
Food Service	45
Laundry	8
KCI Soap Factory	2
Private Industries (Zephyr)	16
General Utilities	10
Education Department	5
Other Support Details (Orderlies, etc.)	48
Subtotal	134

Remaining Population	61
Total Population	195

Table 10 (cont.)

Part 2: Program or Work Assignments (Full-time)**Honor Camps

	Number Assigned	
	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>El Dorado</u>
State Park and Community Projects	36	39
Honor Camp Maintenance/Services	24	25
Total Population	60	64

Work Release Centers

	<u>Topeka</u>	<u>Wichita</u>	<u>Hutchinson</u>	<u>Contract WR</u>
Regular Program Assignment	13	44	10	17
Permanent Party	2	2	1	-
Total Population	15	46	11	17

Pre-release Centers

	<u>Topeka</u>	<u>Winfield</u>
Regular Program Assignment	38	83
Permanent Party	15	15
Total Population	53	98

*Note that the information pertains to the inmate population as of September 4, 1984 (data for June 30, 1984 unavailable). Inmates assigned to Larned State Hospital and contract jail placement are excluded. Source of information: 9-4-84 and 9-5-84 runs of "PGM-WRKASM" and "PGM-PAY212."

**In addition to the full-time assignments tabled, many inmates participate in other programs on a part-time basis. Such part-time programs include certain courses in academic and vocational education as well as services available in the alcohol, drug, and adjustment counseling areas.

Characteristics of the Female Inmate Population

A summary of the characteristics of the female counterpart to the June 30, 1984 inmate profile population is presented in Table 11. The proportionate distribution of the female profile population is about the same for Fiscal Year 1984 as for Fiscal Year 1983 for most characteristics. Notable exceptions are the disproportionately large increases from Fiscal Year 1983 in:

- 1) number of women whose most serious offense was a class E felony, and
- 2) the number with previous felony convictions and incarcerations.

A comparison of the female and male profile populations (Table 12) indicates that, as with the previous year's profile groups, there are differences between the women and men on every characteristic included. Proportionately speaking, the female population was somewhat older, contained more blacks, and had a higher level of formal education upon admission than the male population. Regarding the felony class of the most serious current offense for which the inmate was serving, there were proportionately fewer women than men in the class B offense category but more women than men in classes D and E. A much greater proportion of women than men were confined under minimum custody and the duration of the current confinement (to date) was somewhat shorter for the women. The latter findings are believed to be at least partially attributable to differences between the men and women regarding the types of crime committed. Data on the history of criminal activities indicates that a smaller proportion of women than men had records of either previous felony convictions or previous felony incarcerations. Untabled information on pre-confinement histories of substance abuse indicates that while serious problems with drugs were slightly more prevalent among women (46%) than men (41%), serious problems with alcohol were far more prevalent among men (38%) than women (14%).

Table 11

Female Inmate Characteristics:
Comparison of the June 30, 1983 and June 30, 1984 Populations

*Characteristic	Female Inmate Population				% Change From FY 83
	FY 1983		FY 1984		
	Number	%	Number	%	
<u>Age Group (Years)</u>					
15-19	6	3	7	3	16.7
20-24	45	26	52	22	15.6
25-29	49	28	73	32	49.0
30-34	36	21	47	20	30.6
35-39	17	10	28	12	64.7
40+	20	12	25	11	25.0
Totals	173	100	232	100	34.1
<u>Racial/Ethnic Group</u>					
White	89	51	122	53	37.1
Black	74	43	101	43	36.5
Hispanic	3	2	6	3	100.0
American Indian	6	3	2	1	(66.7)
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	1	1	-	0.0
Totals	173	100	232	100	- -
<u>Education Level</u>					
Grades 0 - 11	66	42	90	42	36.4
High School Graduate	31	20	40	18	29.0
G.E.D.	43	28	57	26	32.6
Greater Than High School	16	10	30	14	87.5
Totals	156	100	217	100	- -
Unknown	17	--	15	--	- -
<u>Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense</u>					
A	12	7	15	6	25.0
B	23	13	26	11	13.0
C	34	20	43	19	26.5
D	84	49	107	46	27.4
E	19	11	41	18	115.8
Totals	172	100	232	100	- -
Unknown	1	--	0	--	- -
<u>Custody Status</u>					
Maximum	5	3	8	3	60.0
Close	36	21	63	27	75.0
Medium	23	13	13	6	(43.5)
Minimum	109	63	148	64	35.8
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	- -
Totals	173	100	232	100	- -

Table 11 (cont.)

Characteristic	Female Inmate Population				% Change From FY 83
	FY 1983		FY 1984		
	Number	%	Number	%	
<u>Number of Previous Felony Convictions</u>					
None	91	58	106	49	16.5
1	31	20	47	22	51.6
2	18	12	38	17	111.1
3 or more	16	10	26	12	62.5
Totals	156	100	217	100	--
Unknown	17	--	15	--	--
<u>Number of Previous Incarcerations</u>					
None	118	77	159	74	34.8
1	26	17	42	20	61.5
2	5	3	11	5	120.0
3 or more	4	3	2	1	(50.0)
Totals	153	100	214	100	--
Unknown	20	--	18	--	--
<u>**Duration of Present Confinement</u>					
6 months or less	79	46	88	38	11.4
Over 6 months - to 1 year	36	21	49	21	36.1
Over 1 year - to 2 years	29	17	63	27	117.2
Over 2 years - to 3 years	12	7	12	5	0.0
Over 3 years - to 4 years	7	4	7	3	0.0
Over 4 years - to 5 years	4	2	6	3	50.0
Over 5 years	6	3	6	3	0.0
Totals	173	100	231	100	--
Unknown	0	--	1	--	--

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

Table 12

Comparison of the Characteristics of Male and Female Inmates:
June 30, 1984 Population

<u>*Characteristic</u>	<u>Male</u>		<u>Female</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>
<u>Age Group (Years)</u>				
15-19	219	6	7	3
20-24	1188	32	52	22
25-29	961	26	73	32
30-34	557	15	47	20
35-39	396	10	28	12
40+	415	11	25	11
Totals	3736	100	232	100
<u>Racial/Ethnic Group</u>				
White	2226	60	122	53
Black	1300	35	101	43
Hispanic	146	4	6	3
American Indian	51	1	2	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	13	-	1	-
Totals	3736	100	232	100
<u>Education Level</u>				
Grades 0 - 11	1825	55	90	42
High School Graduate	482	14	40	18
G.E.D.	846	25	57	26
Greater Than High School	199	6	30	14
Totals	3352	100	217	100
Unknown	384	--	15	--
<u>Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense</u>				
A	296	8	15	6
B	1012	27	26	11
C	805	22	43	19
D	1324	36	107	46
E	242	7	41	18
Totals	3679	100	232	100
Unknown	57	--	0	--
<u>Custody Status</u>				
Maximum	742	20	8	3
Close	658	17	63	27
Medium	1256	34	13	6
Minimum	1073	29	148	64
Unassigned	7	-	0	0
Totals	3736	100	232	100

Table 12 (cont.)

<u>*Characteristic</u>	<u>Male</u>		<u>Female</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>
<u>Number of Previous Felony Convictions</u>				
None	1447	44	106	49
1	880	26	47	22
2	534	16	38	17
3 or more	460	14	26	12
Totals	3321	100	217	100
Unknown	415	--	15	--
<u>Number of Previous Incarcerations</u>				
None	1821	59	159	74
1	733	24	42	20
2	309	10	11	5
3 or more	221	7	2	1
Totals	3084	100	214	100
Unknown	652	--	18	--
<u>Duration of Present Confinement</u>				
6 months or less	898	24	88	38
Over 6 months - to 1 year	699	19	49	21
Over 1 year - to 2 years	903	24	63	27
Over 2 years - to 3 years	464	12	12	5
Over 3 years - to 4 years	232	6	7	3
Over 4 years - to 5 years	145	4	6	3
Over 5 years	394	11	6	3
Totals	3735	100	231	100
Unknown	1	--	1	--

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

*All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year (or time calculated from that date) except "Education Level" which is as reported upon admission. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**Period from most recent admission to June 30 of the specified year.

Characteristics of the New Admissions Population

Although the yearly turnover rate is relatively high among the inmates in the profile population, at any point in time there is a large proportion of the group that has been counted in yearly profile populations for a number of years. The impact of these long-term inmates on the distribution of many of the profile characteristics is the same year after year. In order to better assess any trends toward change in the composition of the inmate population, the characteristics of newly admitted offenders were examined. Included as new admissions were new court commitments, aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments, and probation violators. Many offenders in this group were also members of the general profile population since they were still on hand as of June 30, 1984.

Information on the characteristics of offenders entering the correctional system as new admissions during Fiscal Years 1983 and 1984 is summarized in Table 13. Note that the new admissions were not necessarily first-time offenders; some had been incarcerated previously in other states or had served Kansas sentences from which they had been discharged. Compared to the corresponding Fiscal Year 1983 population, the Fiscal Year 1984 new admissions population contained proportionately more females, more inmates with no prior history of alcohol usage or of drug usage, and more inmates without previous felony convictions or incarcerations.

Table 13

Characteristics of New Admissions Population:
Comparison of FY 1983 and FY 1984*

**Characteristic	New Admissions Population				% Change From FY 83
	FY 1983		FY 1984		
	Number	%	Number	%	
<u>Age Group (Years)</u>					
15-19	242	13	218	11	(9.9)
20-24	724	38	713	38	(1.5)
25-29	402	21	397	21	(1.2)
30-34	240	12	237	13	(1.3)
35-39	145	8	149	8	2.8
40+	148	8	171	9	15.5
Totals	1901	100	1885	100	- -
Unknown	38	--	35	--	- -
Grand Totals	1939	--	1920	--	(1.0)
<u>Racial/Ethnic Group</u>					
White	1278	67	1296	68	1.4
Black	534	28	503	27	(5.8)
Hispanic	59	3	68	4	15.3
American Indian	24	2	20	1	(16.7)
Asian or Pacific Islander	7	-	5	-	(28.6)
Totals	1902	100	1892	100	- -
Unknown	37	--	28	--	- -
<u>Sex</u>					
Male	1769	91	1715	89	(3.1)
Female	170	9	205	11	20.6
Totals	1939	100	1920	100	- -
<u>Education Level</u>					
Grades 0 - 11	817	52	779	51	(4.7)
High School Graduate	261	17	313	21	19.9
G.E.D.	366	23	304	20	(16.9)
Greater Than High School	127	8	116	8	(8.7)
Totals	1571	100	1512	100	- -
Unknown	368	--	408	--	- -
<u>Level of Alcohol Usage (Prior to Admission)</u>					
No Known Usage	492	36	640	45	30.1
Addiction	196	14	166	12	(15.3)
Habitual Excessive	286	21	243	17	(15.0)
Episodic Excessive	332	24	323	22	(2.7)
Use at time of Offense	76	5	55	4	(27.6)
Totals	1382	100	1427	100	- -
Unknown	557	--	493	--	- -

Table 13 (cont.)

<u>**Characteristic</u>	<u>New Admissions Population</u>				<u>% Change From FY 83</u>
	<u>FY 1983</u>		<u>FY 1984</u>		
	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	
<u>Level of Drug Usage (Prior to Admission)</u>					
No Known Usage	530	40	645	46	21.7
Addiction	280	21	238	17	(15.0)
Episodic Excessive	264	20	288	20	9.1
Non-dependent Short-term	226	17	212	15	(6.2)
Use at Time of Offense	36	2	28	2	(22.2)
Totals	1336	100	1411	100	- -
Unknown	603	--	509	--	- -
<u>Number of Previous Felony Convictions</u>					
None	756	52	889	60	17.6
1	380	26	317	21	(16.6)
2	169	12	175	12	3.6
3 or more	148	10	104	7	(29.7)
Totals	1453	100	1485	100	- -
Unknown	486	--	435	--	- -
<u>Number of Previous Incarcerations</u>					
None	809	68	1029	80	27.2
1	233	20	183	14	(21.5)
2	86	7	53	4	(38.4)
3 or more	64	5	30	2	(53.1)
Totals	1192	100	1295	100	- -
Unknown	747	--	625	--	- -
<u>Felony Class of Most Serious Current Offense</u>					
A	28	2	34	2	21.4
B	189	10	152	8	(19.6)
C	410	21	404	21	(1.5)
D	990	51	955	50	(3.5)
E	314	16	359	19	14.3
Totals	1931	100	1904	100	- -
Unknown	8	--	16	--	- -

Note. A number in parentheses is a negative value.

*New admissions include new court commitments, aggravated juvenile delinquency commitments, and probation violators (both technical and new sentence) entering the system during the specified fiscal year. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

**All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year except "Education Level," "Level of Alcohol Usage," and "Level of Drug Usage" which are as reported upon admission.

Criminal Offenses, Sentence Structure, and Time Served

Offenses for Which Incarcerated. Shown in Table 14 is a comparison of the inmate profile populations for Fiscal Years 1983 and 1984 as distributed by type of criminal offense. The offense described is the overall most serious offense of all active sentences for the inmate. Each offense for which one or more inmates were serving is listed individually.

Of the Fiscal Year 1984 population, over one-third (36.6%) had most serious offenses within felony class D, followed by class B at 26.5%, class C at 21.7%, class A at 8.0%, and class E at 7.2%. Collectively, four specific crimes were identified as the most serious offenses of nearly half (48.9%) the profile population. The four offenses were burglary, which was the most serious offense in 17.2% of the cases, aggravated robbery in 13.6%, theft in 12.2%, and first degree murder in 5.9%. These figures do not differ appreciably from those for Fiscal Year 1983.

Sentence Structure. Table 15 contains a comparison of Fiscal Year 1983 and 1984 profile populations with regard to the types of sentences being served. As in previous years, the summary item used in describing the sentence data is the controlling sentence which is the range of the term of confinement computed on all currently active sentences, expressing the minimum and maximum periods of confinement. These data are summarized by minimum (in yearly increments) in the second part of Table 15. Of the Fiscal Year 1984 population 11.4% was serving on sentences with minimums of one year; 17.7% had minimums of two years; and 18.4% had minimums of three years. Thus, just under half (47.5%) of the profile population was serving sentences with minimums of three years or less. Sentences with minimums of five years were being served by 15.6% and minimums of 15 years or more by 18.0%. Proportionately, these figures are very similar to those for Fiscal Year 1983.

Length of Time Served in Correctional Facilities. Information on the actual amount of time served in Departmental facilities before release can be found in Table 16. A summary of the average length of stay in correctional facilities is presented by felony class of offense and sentence minimum for offenders paroled during Fiscal Year 1984. It should be noted that offenders excluded from this group of parolees are those with sentence structures which involved consecutive sentencing and those paroled from in absentia status. The length of stay represents the period of time served in Departmental facilities and does not necessarily reflect the total time served on the sentence(s). (Jail time or other periods of time credited to the sentence by the court have not been counted in the length of stay data.) For these data the felony class of offense is defined as the most serious offense associated with the offender's most recent admission and the minimum sentence is the minimum term associated with this same offense.

The first part of Table 16 pertains to cases in which neither the habitual criminal nor the mandatory sentence statutes were imposed. Most of the parolees (91%) fell into this category. The number of offenders paroled from felony class A offenses was too small (only one individual) to calculate a meaningful average length of stay. The average lengths of stay for the remaining four felony classes (all sentence minimums combined) were as follows: class B, 41.5 months (3.5 years); class C, 19.0 months (1.6 years); class D, 14.9 months (1.2 years); and class E, 9.5 months (0.8 years). The second part of the table contains the corresponding data on the remaining parolees, cases in which the habitual criminal or mandatory sentence statutes, or both, had been imposed.

Table 14

Distribution of FY 1983 and FY 1984 Inmate Populations
by Felony Class and Criminal Offense*

<u>Kansas Statute</u>	<u>Offense Description</u>	<u>Number of Inmates</u> <u>6-30-83</u>	<u>6-30-84</u>
<u>Class A Felonies</u>			
21-3401	**Murder, First Degree	204	232
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping	70	79
Total Class A Felonies		274	311
<u>Class B Felonies</u>			
21-3401	Murder, First Degree (Attempted)	2	3
21-3402	**Murder, Second Degree	121	144
21-3415	Aggravated Battery on a Law Enforcement Officer	6	9
21-3420	Kidnapping	123	136
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping (Attempted)	0	1
21-3427	**Aggravated Robbery	486	530
21-3502	***Rape	105	128
21-3504	Agg. Indecent Liberties with a Child (and Indecent Liberties with a Ward)	1	3
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy	58	72
21-3719	Aggravated Arson	8	9
65-4127A2	Drug Offense	4	3
Total Class B Felonies		914	1038
<u>Class C Felonies</u>			
21-3401	Murder, First Degree (Attempted)	4	4
21-3402	Murder, Second Degree (Attempted)	2	7
21-3403	Voluntary Manslaughter	68	67
21-3411	Aggravated Assault on a Law Enforcement Officer	28	23
21-3414	Aggravated Battery	125	155
21-3420	Kidnapping (Attempted)	2	3
21-3421	Aggravated Kidnapping (Attempted)	2	2
21-3426	Robbery	184	222
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery (Attempted)	12	22
21-3502	***Rape	22	30
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child	58	86
21-3506	Aggravated Sodomy (Attempted)	2	4
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary	41	48
21-3718	Arson	33	38
21-3719	Aggravated Arson (Attempted)	0	1
21-38051	Perjury (Made in Felony Trial)	3	2
65-41261	Drug Offense	1	0
65-4127A1	Drug Offense	36	50
65-4127BB	Drug Offense	66	84
Total Class C Felonies		689	848

Table 14 (cont.)

<u>Kansas Statute</u>	<u>Offense Description</u>	<u>Number of Inmates</u> <u>6-30-83</u>	<u>6-30-84</u>
<u>Class D Felonies</u>			
21-3402	Murder, First Degree (Attempted)	1	1
21-3404	Involuntary Manslaughter	4	15
21-3410	Aggravated Assault	71	91
21-3414	Aggravated Battery (Attempted)	8	14
21-3426	Robbery (Attempted)	12	13
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child	2	3
21-3509	Enticement of a Child	3	7
21-3518	Aggravated Sexual Battery	0	2
21-3603	Aggravated Incest	6	6
21-3701	****Theft (\$100 or more)	375	417
21-3704	****Theft of Services (\$100 or more)	0	2
21-3708	****Habitual Giving of Worthless Checks	7	10
21-3710	****Forgery	104	126
21-3711	Making a False Writing	3	5
21-3715	Burglary	550	673
21-3716	Aggravated Burglary (Attempted)	2	6
21-3718	Arson (Attempted)	1	1
21-42041	Unlawful Possession of Firearms	13	14
65-4127A1	Drug Offense	1	1
65-4127B	Drug Offense	9	7
65-4127BA	Drug Offense	14	10
65-41273B	Drug Offense	2	7
Total Class D Felonies		1188	1431
<u>Class E Felonies</u>			
08-262A	Driver's License Violation	1	1
08-287	Habitual Violation; Unlawful Operation of Vehicle When Prohibited	1	3
21-3404	Involuntary Manslaughter	14	6
21-3410	Aggravated Assault (Attempted)	5	12
21-3414	Aggravated Battery (Attempted)	2	0
21-3419	Terroristic Threat	8	9
21-3420	Kidnapping (Attempted)	1	1
21-3426	Robbery (Attempted)	0	1
21-3503	Indecent Liberties with a Child (Attempted)	1	0
21-3509	Enticement of a Child	1	2
21-3511	Agg. Indecent Solicitation of a Child	3	8
21-3514	Habitual Promoting Prostitution	0	1
21-3516	Sexual Exploitation of a Child	1	1
21-3602	Incest	1	0
21-3603	Aggravated Incest (Attempted)	3	0
21-3605	Nonsupport of a Child	6	8
21-3609	Abuse of a Child	7	8
21-3611	Aggravated Juvenile Delinquency	11	13
21-3701	****Theft (Over \$150 or more) and/or Attempted Theft	36	58

Table 14 (cont.)

<u>Kansas Statute</u>	<u>Offense Description</u>	<u>Number of Inmates</u> <u>6-30-83</u>	<u>6-30-84</u>
<u>Class E Felonies (cont.)</u>			
21-3707	Giving of a Worthless Check	27	36
21-3710	****Forgery (and/or Attempted Forgery)	3	9
21-3714	Possession of Forgery Devices	0	1
21-3715	Burglary (Attempted)	21	29
21-3717	Possession of Burglary Tools	1	1
21-3718	Arson (Attempted)	0	1
21-3720	Criminal Damage to Property	22	27
21-3729	Unlawful Use of Financial Cards	5	5
21-3734	Impairment of Security Interest	0	1
21-3806	Corruptly Influencing a Witness	1	0
21-3808	Obstruction of Legal Process (Felony Case)	1	3
21-3810	Aggravated Escape from Custody	5	4
21-3812	Aiding a Felon	5	6
21-3814	Aggravated Failure to Appear	4	2
21-3825	Aggravated False Impersonation	1	1
21-3826	Traffic in Contraband in a Penal Institution	2	3
21-42011G	Unlawful Firearm, Possession, etc.	1	3
21-4202	Aggravated Weapons Violation	0	2
36-206	Fraud in Obtaining Accommodations	1	1
65-4127A1	Drug Offense (Attempted)	2	4
65-4127B	Drug Offense (Attempted)	1	1
65-4127BA	Drug Offense (Attempted)	3	4
65-4127BB	Drug Offense (Attempted)	3	7
Total Class E Felonies		211	283
Total (All Felony Classes)		3276	3911
Unknown Class of Offense		77	57
Grand Total		3353	3968

Breakdown of Unknown Category

<u>Kansas Statute</u>	<u>Offense Description</u>	<u>Number of Inmates</u>	
		<u>6-30-83</u>	<u>6-30-84</u>
21-3401	Murder, First Degree	29	26
21-3402	Murder, Second Degree	5	3
21-3427	Aggravated Robbery	11	10
	Other Unclassified Felonies	13	8
	Felony Class Undetermined	19	10
Total Unknown		77	57

Table 14 (cont.)

- *The offense described is the overall most serious offense of all active sentences for the inmate. The designation "(Attempted)" in the offense description denotes attempted crimes or in some cases to conspire to commit, or to aid, abet, advise, counsel, procure, or hire others to commit the crime.
- **For the total number of inmates serving for this offense, add the corresponding unclassified offenses listed in the "Breakdown of Unknown Category."
- ***The offense of rape was changed from Class C to Class B on 7-1-1978; hence, there are inmates serving under each of the two classifications.
- ****On May 17, 1984, the felony class of several offenses (including theft, theft of services, habitual giving of worthless checks, and forgery) was changed from D to E.

Table 15

Structure of Controlling Sentences:
Comparison of FY 1982 - 1984 Inmate Populations (June 30)

*Controlling Sentence		FY 1982		FY 1983		FY 1984	
Minimum	Maximum	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
1	2	51	2	59	2	67	2
1	3	35	1	23	1	31	1
1	5	348	12	206	6	223	6
1	10	282	10	129	4	100	2
1	20	39	1	24	1	22	1
Other 1-year minimum		46	2	14	0**	9	0**
2	5	47	2	242	7	378	10
2	7	36	1	42	1	40	1
2	10	249	8	268	8	208	5
2	20	29	1	29	1	17	0**
Other 2-year minimum		50	2	57	2	59	2
3	10	246	8	368	11	514	13
3	20	43	1	45	1	55	1
Other 3-year minimum		67	2	118	3	158	4
4	10	8	0**	24	1	43	1
4	15	13	0**	33	1	58	2
4	20	13	0**	37	1	50	1
Other 4-year minimum		6	0**	18	1	46	1
5	20	314	11	377	11	438	11
5	Life	104	4	73	2	60	2
Other 5-year minimum		58	2	87	3	118	3
6 to 9-year minimum		145	5	216	6	290	7
10	Life	76	3	88	3	95	2
Other 10-year minimum		74	3	92	3	108	3
11 to 14-year minimum		29	1	45	1	59	2
15	Life	107	4	117	3	136	3
Other 15-year minimum		15	1	30	1	33	1
20-year minimum		25	1	32	1	33	1
30	Life	43	1	51	2	53	1
Other 30-year minimum		5	0**	5	0**	6	0**
Life	Life	271	9	306	9	337	8
Other minimum more than 15		76	2	92	3	113	3
Totals (All minimums)		2950	100	3347	100	3957	100
Unknown Minimum		16	--	6	--	11	--
Grand Totals		2966	--	3353	--	3968	--

Table 15 (cont.)

Summary by Minimum Term of Controlling Sentence

<u>Minimum (Years)</u>	<u>FY 1982</u>		<u>FY 1983</u>		<u>FY 1984</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>
1	801	27.2	455	13.6	452	11.4
2	411	13.9	638	19.1	702	17.7
3	356	12.1	531	15.9	727	18.4
4	40	1.4	112	3.3	197	5.0
5	476	16.1	537	16.0	616	15.6
6	64	2.2	81	2.4	121	3.1
7	32	1.1	54	1.6	70	1.8
8	34	1.1	54	1.6	66	1.7
9	15	.5	27	.8	33	.8
10	150	5.1	180	5.4	203	5.1
11	7	.2	11	.3	14	.3
12	10	.3	20	.6	29	.7
13	8	.3	7	.2	9	.2
14	4	.1	7	.2	7	.2
15	122	4.1	147	4.4	169	4.3
20	25	.9	32	1.0	33	.8
30	48	1.6	56	1.7	59	1.5
Life	271	9.2	306	9.1	337	8.5
Other (more than 15)	76	2.6	92	2.8	113	2.9
Totals (All minimums)	2950	100.0	3347	100.0	3957	100.0

*The controlling sentence is the range, in years, determined by the longest minimum and the longest maximum term to be served. The controlling minimum is the indicator for the parole eligibility date. The controlling maximum is used to project the conditional release date (the date of the maximum term less the statutorily earned good time) which indicates completion of the sentence obligation.

**Less than .5 of one percent.

Table 16

Average Length of Stay in Correctional Facilities,
by Felony Class of Offense and Sentence Minimum:
Offenders Paroled During FY 1983 and FY 1984*

Cases in Which Neither the Habitual Criminal or
Mandatory Sentence Statutes Were Imposed

<u>Felony Class and Minimum</u>	<u>FY 1983</u>		<u>FY 1984</u>	
	<u>No. of Parolees</u>	<u>Average Stay (Months)</u>	<u>No. of Parolees</u>	<u>Average Stay (Months)</u>
<u>Class A</u>				
Life	1	**	2	**
<u>Class B</u>				
10 Year	6	58.24	7	34.82
4-5 Year	40	31.39	29	41.03
Other Minimums	<u>6</u>	69.03	<u>5</u>	53.88
All Class B	52	38.83	41	41.54
<u>Class C</u>				
5 Year	18	30.57	14	32.20
4 Year	2	**	3	**
3 Year	27	25.17	27	21.13
2 Year	42	16.08	56	17.69
1 Year	<u>89</u>	9.19	<u>23</u>	11.09
All Class C	178	15.71	123	19.02
<u>Class D</u>				
3 Year	76	21.48	61	20.67
2 Year	151	17.19	188	15.62
1 Year	<u>421</u>	10.14	<u>146</u>	11.61
All Class D	648	13.11	395	14.91
<u>Class E</u>				
2 Year	0	--	10	14.90
1 Year	<u>189</u>	9.90	<u>132</u>	9.07
All Class E	189	9.90	142	9.48
Total (All Classes)	1068	--	703	--

Table 16 (cont.)

Cases in Which Habitual Criminal or
Mandatory Sentence Statutes or Both Imposed

Felony Class and Minimum	FY 1983		FY 1984	
	No. of Parolees	Average Stay (Months)***	No. of Parolees	Average Stay (Months)***
Class A (All Minimums)	0	**	0	**
Class B (All Minimums)	30	57.70	29	54.41
Class C (All Minimums)	46	28.28	21	22.64
Class D (All Minimums)	16	23.09	16	19.31
Class E (All Minimums)	3	**	6	14.25
Total (All Classes)	<u>95</u>	--	<u>72</u>	--
Grand Total	1163	--	775	--

*Excluded from the parolee population are those with sentence structures which involved consecutive sentencing and those paroled from in absentia status. The length of stay is the period of time from the date of admission to the date of release (thus excluding any jail credit or other credits applied to the sentence). The felony class of offense is the most serious offense associated with the offender's most recent admission and the minimum sentence is the minimum term associated with this same offense.

**The number of parolees in this felony class is too small for calculation of a meaningful average. For the few class A felons paroled the average stay was about 15 years.

***In these cases the average length of stay for each felony class was estimated from a frequency distribution consisting of the number of offenders falling within each category of range of months served.

• • • • • SECTION IV • • • • •

Kansas Parolee Population, June 30, 1984

This section provides a brief description of the population of offenders in the correctional system who were on parole status as of June 30, 1984. Also included is a summary of various parole-related activities occurring during Fiscal Year 1984.

Parole and probation caseload information for Fiscal Years 1974-1984 is contained in Table 17. The parole officer caseload consists not only of Kansas offenders paroled to Kansas locations, but also out-of-state parolees and probationers sent to Kansas for supervision under interstate compact. There are no Kansas probationers included in the caseload since the supervision of this group has been a function of the district courts since July 1, 1979. On the last day of Fiscal Year 1984, there was a total of 2,127 offenders under the supervision of 36 Kansas parole officers, a decrease of 327 (13%) from Fiscal Year 1983. The average caseload per parole officer was 59, down from 68 in Fiscal Year 1983.

As of June 30, 1984, there were 1,394 Kansas offenders on parole or conditional release in Kansas locations, compared to 1,597 in Fiscal Year 1983. Basic profile information on this population is summarized in Table 18 and Figure 7.

During Fiscal Year 1984, there were only 787 paroles of Kansas offenders to Kansas locations. This represents a decrease of 333 (29.7%) from Fiscal Year 1983. The distribution of these paroles by county to which paroled is presented in Table 19. Note that each percentage reported represents the proportion of the total number of paroles statewide and includes any multiple

paroles of an individual offender. Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte Counties collectively accounted for over half (58.2%) of the total number of paroles. Paroles to Sedgwick County alone comprised over one-fourth (28.1%) of the statewide total.

Table 20 contains information on the number of compact cases serving parole or probation in Kansas as of June 30, 1984, presented by sending state and type of case. The number of Kansas cases serving parole out-of-state on the same date is presented in Table 21 by receiving location. As in previous years, the amount of compact case activity was especially great in three states: Missouri, Texas, and Oklahoma.

As is evident from examination of the parole data presented in this section, there have been substantial decreases in both the number of offenders paroled during the year and the number of parolees on hand at the end of the year. These decreases occurred despite the fact that the number of inmates considered for parole during Fiscal Year 1984 did not differ substantially from Fiscal Year 1983.

Table 17

Probation and Parole Cases Under Supervision

As of June 30 for Each Year 1974-1984

Type of Case	<u>1974</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1978</u>	<u>1979</u>	<u>1980</u>	<u>1981</u>	<u>1982</u>	<u>1983</u>	<u>1984</u>
Active Parole	974	842	977	1094	1208	1345	1503	1488	1506	1516	1304
Active Probation	990	1145	1166	1342	1400	1417	*	*	*	*	*
Active Compact	<u>427</u>	<u>542</u>	<u>629</u>	<u>685</u>	<u>722</u>	<u>757</u>	<u>826</u>	<u>944</u>	<u>934</u>	<u>938</u>	<u>823</u>
Total Cases	2391	2529	2772	3121	3330	3519	2329	2432	2440	2454	2127

Number of Parole Officers	34	44	45	43	54	55	36	36	36	36	36
Average Case Load	70	57	62	73	62	64	65	68	68	68	59

*As of July 1, 1979, supervision of felony offenders granted probation in Kansas became a function of the District Courts.

Table 18

Characteristics of Kansas Parolees:
Comparison of June 30, 1983 and June 30, 1984 Populations*

**Characteristic	Kansas Parolee Population				% Change From FY 83
	FY 1983		FY 1984		
	Number	%	Number	%	
<u>Age Group (Years)</u>					
15-19	52	3	21	1	(59.6)
20-24	616	39	510	37	(17.2)
25-29	436	27	390	28	(10.6)
30-34	216	14	215	15	(.5)
35-39	120	7	119	9	(.8)
40+	155	10	134	10	(13.6)
Totals	1595	100	1389	100	- -
Unknown	2	--	5	--	- -
Grand Totals	1597	--	1394	--	(12.7)
<u>Racial/Ethnic Group</u>					
White	1065	67	933	67	(12.4)
Black	465	29	392	29	(15.7)
Hispanic	44	3	43	3	(2.3)
American Indian	19	1	18	1	(5.3)
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	***	2	***	100.0
Totals	1594	100	1388	100	- -
Unknown	3	--	6	--	- -
<u>Sex</u>					
Male	1474	92	1289	92	(12.6)
Female	123	8	105	8	(14.6)
Totals	1597	100	1394	100	- -
<u>Felony Class of Most Serious Offense</u>					
A	1	***	1	***	0.0
B	135	9	103	8	(23.7)
C	329	21	280	20	(14.9)
D	904	57	802	58	(11.3)
E	207	13	187	14	(9.7)
Totals	1576	100	1373	100	- -
Unknown	21	--	21	--	- -
<u>Number of Previous Felony Convictions</u>					
None	805	51	645	48	(19.9)
1	401	26	353	26	(12.0)
2	231	15	206	15	(10.8)
3 or more	132	8	148	11	12.1
Totals	1569	100	1352	100	- -
Unknown	28	--	42	--	- -

Table 18 (cont.)

<u>**Characteristic</u>	<u>Kansas Parolee Population</u>				<u>% Change From FY 83</u>
	<u>FY 1983</u>		<u>FY 1984</u>		
	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	
<u>Number of Previous Incarcerations</u>					
None	1073	71	822	66	(23.4)
1	284	19	279	22	(1.8)
2	106	7	91	7	(14.2)
3 or more	51	3	59	5	15.7
Totals	<u>1514</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>1251</u>	<u>100</u>	- -
Unknown	83	--	143	--	- -

Note: A number in parentheses is a negative value.

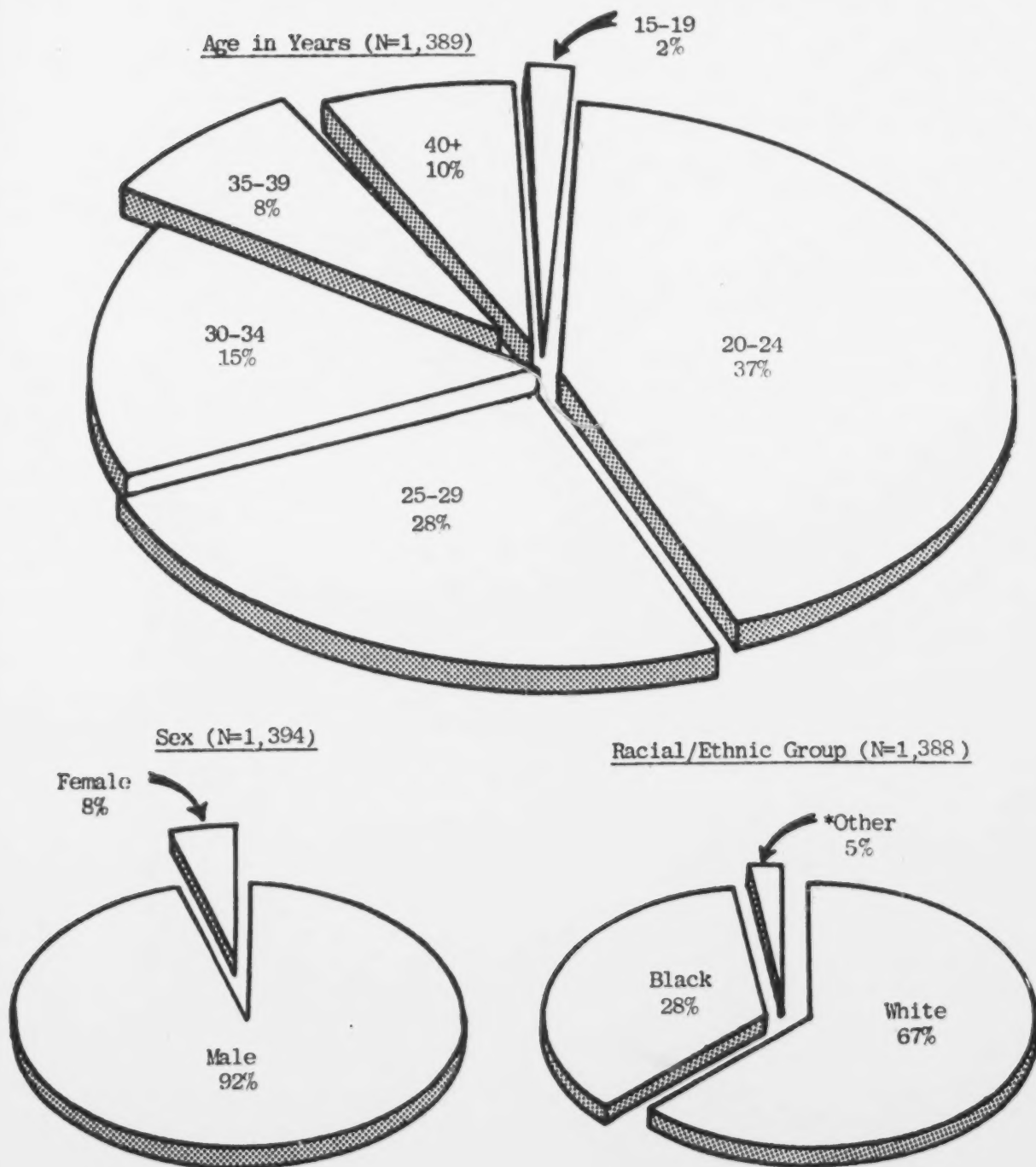
*Includes conditional releases.

**All characteristics reflect status on June 30 of the specified year. The total number of inmates for which information was available varies with the type of characteristic assessed.

***Less than .5 of one percent.

Figure 7

Distribution of the June 30, 1984 Parolee Population
by Age, Sex, and Racial/Ethnic Group



Missing observations: Age (5), Racial/Ethnic Group (6).

*"Other" includes Hispanic, Asian, and American Indian.

Table 19

Kansas Offenders Paroled to Kansas During Fiscal Year 1984,
by County to Which Paroled*

<u>County</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Number</u>
Allen	2	Greeley	0	Osborne	1
Anderson	1	Greenwood	2	Ottawa	1
Atchison	5	Hamilton	0	Pawnee	23
Barber	0	Harper	0	Phillips	0
Barton	6	Harvey	11	Pottawatomie	1
Bourbon	4	Haskell	0	Pratt	2
Brown	1	Hodgeman	0	Rawlins	0
Butler	6	Jackson	2	Reno	31
Chase	1	Jefferson	1	Republic	0
Chautauqua	2	Jewell	0	Rice	2
Cherokee	4	Johnson	41	Riley	5
Cheyenne	0	Kearny	0	Rooks	0
Clark	0	Kingman	1	Rush	0
Clay	0	Kiowa	0	Russell	2
Cloud	0	Labette	9	Saline	14
Coffey	0	Lane	2	Scott	0
Comanche	0	Leavenworth	14	Sedgwick	221
Cowley	7	Lincoln	0	Seward	1
Crawford	3	Linn	2	Shawnee	123
Decatur	0	Logan	0	Sheridan	0
Dickinson	2	Lyon	6	Sherman	2
Doniphan	0	Marion	2	Smith	0
Douglas	17	Marshall	0	Stafford	0
Edwards	0	McPherson	8	Stanton	0
Elk	0	Meade	1	Stevens	1
Ellis	1	Miami	4	Sumner	3
Ellsworth	0	Mitchell	1	Thomas	0
Finney	14	Montgomery	16	Trego	0
Ford	5	Morris	0	Wabaunsee	0
Franklin	6	Morton	0	Wallace	0
Geary	16	Nemaha	1	Washington	0
Gove	0	Neosho	6	Wichita	0
Graham	0	Ness	0	Wilson	1
Grant	1	Norton	1	Woodson	1
Gray	0	Osage	3	Wyandotte	114

Statewide Totals 787

*The number of parolees includes any multiple paroles of an individual offender during the period. The total of 787 for FY 1984 is 30% less than the corresponding total for FY 1983 (1120).

Table 20
Number of Compact Cases Serving Parole or Probation
in Kansas on June 30, 1984, by Sending State*

<u>Sending State</u>	<u>Felony Cases</u>		<u>Totals (All Cases)</u>
	<u>Parole</u>	<u>Probation</u>	
Alabama	2	3	5
Alaska	0	1	1
Arizona	4	12	16
Arkansas	15	3	18
California	12	22	34
Colorado	6	31	37
Connecticut	0	0	0
Delaware	0	0	0
District of Columbia	0	0	0
Florida	2	18	20
Georgia	1	8	9
Hawaii	0	2	2
Idaho	2	2	4
Illinois	5	15	20
Indiana	3	0	3
Iowa	1	20	21
Kentucky	0	1	1
Louisiana	3	4	7
Maine	0	0	0
Maryland	0	1	1
Massachusetts	0	0	0
Michigan	1	5	6
Minnesota	0	7	7
Mississippi	0	2	2
Missouri	70	203	273
Montana	3	2	5
Nebraska	6	11	17
Nevada	4	3	7

Table 20 (cont.)

<u>Sending State</u>	<u>Felony Cases</u>		<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Parole</u>	<u>Probation</u>	<u>(All Cases)</u>
New Hampshire	0	0	0
New Jersey	3	0	3
New Mexico	4	11	15
New York	0	2	2
North Carolina	2	3	5
North Dakota	1	3	4
Ohio	4	3	7
Oklahoma	10	64	74
Oregon	1	8	9
Pennsylvania	5	1	6
Rhode Island	0	0	0
South Carolina	0	3	3
South Dakota	3	1	4
Tennessee	4	5	9
Texas	26	121	147
Utah	0	3	3
Vermont	1	0	1
Virginia	2	4	6
Washington	4	7	11
West Virginia	0	0	0
Wisconsin	3	4	7
Wyoming	2	4	6
**Dual Supervision	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Totals	215	623	838

*Effective November 1, 1983 Kansas supervision of out-of-state misdemeanor probation cases was discontinued.

**Under dual supervision of two states.

Table 21
Number of Kansas Cases Serving Parole Out-of-State
On June 30, 1984, by Location

<u>Location</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Number</u>
Alabama	3	Nevada	0
Alaska	1	New Hampshire	0
Arizona	6	New Jersey	0
Arkansas	21	New Mexico	7
California	35	New York	7
Colorado	14	North Carolina	5
Connecticut	2	North Dakota	1
Delaware	0	Ohio	12
District of Columbia	0	Oklahoma	71
Florida	15	Oregon	4
Georgia	2	Pennsylvania	3
Hawaii	0	Rhode Island	0
Idaho	0	South Carolina	4
Illinois	11	South Dakota	0
Indiana	2	Tennessee	7
Iowa	7	Texas	48
Kentucky	9	Utah	1
Louisiana	9	Vermont	0
Maine	1	Virginia	3
Maryland	4	Washington	3
Massachusetts	3	West Virginia	0
Michigan	8	Wisconsin	0
Minnesota	5	Wyoming	2
Mississippi	5	United States	11*
Missouri	138	Other Countries	<u>1</u>
Montana	1	Total	502
Nebraska	10		

*United States - indicates parole to federal detainer.